A L Bancroft & Co
721 Market St

The Yolo Democrat.

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The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

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☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

L. MACHEFERT,

WATCHMAKER

—AND—

JEWELER.

Now Sole Proprietor of the Jewelry business of

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,

Main Street, Woodland

Has the Largest Assortment of

Clocks, Gents' and Ladies' Gold Watches, American and Swiss Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, etc.

Silver and Silver-plated Ware,

Knives, Pistols, Guns, Ammunition, Toys and Fancy Goods,

—AND IS THE—

Agent in Woodland for the Florence Sewing Machine.

P. S.—All Watch and Jewelry Repairs guaranteed satisfactory. my16-3m

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

Nearly opposite the Capital Hotel, Woodland, is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

AGENCY OF THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

je6-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL,

A. S. HOUSE, : Proprietor,

Cor. Main and First streets,

WOODLAND,

YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

A. S. HOUSE, has taken the Capital Hotel on his own hands, the lease of Messrs. Eaton & Burns having expired, and will in future give his entire attention to its management, and it is his determination that it shall be kept in first-class style. The house has been

Renovated Throughout,

And being a three-story brick building affords ample accommodations for a large number of transient guests, as well as regular boarders.

The rooms are well ventilated, en suit or single, well furnished and cleanly.

The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Board by the day or week at reasonable rates.

Free Bus to and from the railroad on the arrival of trains. je20-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TERMS: $2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,

PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the Hotel, free of charge. ap26-3m

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

FRANK FRARY, Proprietor.

Everything new and modern in style. The table will be furnished with the best in the market. Meals will be furnished and the house kept

On the European Plan.

Mr. Furniss, who is retained by the proprietors, is a successful and popular caterer to the public wants, and will give entire satisfaction to all who favor the Craft Hotel with their patronage.

Terms Reasonable.

☞ Free conveyance to and from the cars. je20 tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL!

This well-known house, (formerly known as the Hunter House) has been re-opened by

O. B. WESTCOTT,

Who will keep it as a First-Class Hotel, personally superintending its management.

The public can be accommodated with Board and Lodging by the day or week, at reasonable rates.

☞ The house has been thoroughly renovated throughout, is supplied with Good Beds, and the Table will be furnished with the best the market affords.

O. B. WESTCOTT, Proprietor.

Woodland, July 20th, 1872. ap18-3m

WM. TELL RESTAURANT

AND

LODGING HOUSE.

Board and Lodging $6 per week. Single rooms 50 cents per night.

Every attention will be paid to the patrons of this House, and the cooking will be under the immediate supervision of the proprietor.

Best French Claret and California Wines, Cigars, etc., etc.

my30-3m HENRY RICKER.

DR. E. L. FARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Woodland, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. Leave orders at Simpson's Drug Store. jy11-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.

Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. jy11-3m

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN,

Is permanently located in Knight's Landing, Yolo County.

RESIDENCE—N.E. Cor. of Fourth and B.R. streets—(house formerly occupied by Dr. Mitchel.)

☞ Orders left at Glasscock's Drug Store will receive prompt attention. je20-3m

J. LAMBERT,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: Masonic Block, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. je20-3m

J. C. BALL,

DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office at the Court House (first floor), Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. je20-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nicklesburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. je13-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—In Odd-Fellows' Block, corner of First and Main streets, Woodland.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. je13-3m

P. H. SIBLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office three doors east of Postoffice, Woodland. Will attend to any business in all the Courts of this State, and any other business pertaining to the profession. je13-3m

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; now located at Davisville, Cal. je13-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank, SACRAMENTO. [3m

je13

GILES E. SILL,

NOTARY PUBLIC & INSURANCE AGENT,

Office in Odd Fellows' Block, (second story,) cor. Main and First Sts., Woodland. je13

REMOVAL.

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, cor. Main and First streets. Office Hours—8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. je6

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office No. 1, Odd Fellows' Block, Woodland, California.

☞ LOANS NEGOTIATED on good security at low rates of interest. je6-3m

DR. C. P. GETTIER,

DENTAL ROOMS, BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST

(Over Frost & Bush's Law Office.)

Dental Surgery in all cases skillfully performed. Diseases of the mouth and offensive breath cured. Mechanical Dentistry done in the best style of the art. Teeth Extracted without Pain. All Operations Warranted. my30-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in Odd Fellows' Building, Woodland, Cal. my16-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. my16

JAMES JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

COURT COMMISSIONER FOR YOLO CO.

Office up stairs, in the Bank building, Woodland. my9-3m

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office a few doors east of the Postoffice, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. my8-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500.000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN..VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. je6

Carriage Painting!

CRABBE & BEMIS,

(SUCCESSORS TO STUART & ENGMAN,)

☞ Are prepared to receive orders for Painting Carriages, Buggies, and all kinds of Wagons, etc.

Will do all Repairs on Trimming of Tops of Buggies, etc.

SHOP IN ELLIOTT'S BLOCK,

Over Beach, Sovereign & Co's Wagon and Blacksmith shops.

☞ All work done at reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. je30-3m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF

Piano, Organ, Guitar and VOCAL MUSIC!

TERMS:—$6.00 PER MONTH.

Pianos and Organs Tuned, Packed for shipment, Unpacked and Set-up. Pupils instructed at their residence.

For particulars please leave orders at Mr. J. L. Stinson's Drug and Bookstore, or address per post,

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,
Music Teacher,
my30-3m Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

We Reap What We Sow.

For pleasure or pain, for weal or woe—
'Tis the law of our being, we reap what we sow,
We may try to evade them—may do what we will—
But our acts, like our shadows, will follow us still.

The world is a wonderful chemist, be sure,
And detects, in a moment, the base or the pure;
We may boast of our claims to genius or birth,
But the world takes a man for just what he's worth.

We start in the race for fortune or fame,
And then when we fail, the world bears the blame;
But nine times in ten, 'tis plain to be seen,
There's a "screw somewhere loose" in the human machine.

Are you wearied and worn in this hard earthly strife?
Do you yearn for affection to sweeten your life;
Remember this great truth has often been proved;
We must make ourselves loveable, would we be loved.

Though life may appear as a desolate track,
Yet the bread that we cast on the water comes back;
This law was enacted by Heaven above,
That like attracts like, and love begets love.

We are proud of our mansions of mortar and stone,
In our gardens are flowers from every zone;
But the beautiful graces that blossom within,
Grow shriveled, and die, in the Upas of Sin.

We make ourselves heroes and martyrs for gold,
Till health becomes broken, and youth becomes old;
Ah! did we the same for a beautiful love,
Our lives might be music for angels above.

We reap what we sow—Oh! wonderful truth!
A truth hard to learn in the days of our youth;
But it shines out at last as the "hand on the wall,"
For the world has its "debit" and "credit" for all.

Boy Lost—A Mother's Advertisement.

He had black eyes, with long lashes, red cheeks and hair almost black and curly. He wore a crimson plaid jacket with full trowsers buttoned on; had a habit of whistling and liked to ask questions; was accompanied by a small black dog. It is a long while since he disappeared. I have a very pleasant home and much company. My guests say, "Ah! it is pleasant to be here; everything has such an orderly, put-away look; nothing about under foot—no dirt." But my eyes are aching for the sight of whittlings and cut paper on the floor; of tumble-down card houses, of wooden sheep and cattle, of popguns, bows and arrows, whips, tops, go-carts, blocks and trumpery. I want to see boats a-rigging and kites a-making. I want to see crumbles on the carpets and paste on the kitchen table. I want to see the chairs and tables turned the wrong way about. I want to see candy making and corn popping, and to find jack knives and fish hooks among my muslin. Yet these things used to fret me once. They say, how quiet you are here! Ah! one may settle his brains and be at peace. But my ears are aching for the pattering of little feet, for a hearty shout, a shrill whistle, a gay tra-la-la; for the noise of drums, fifes and trumpets. Yet these things made me nervous once. A manly figure stands before me now. He is taller than I, has thick whiskers, wears a frock coat, a bosomed shirt and a cravat. He has just come from college. He brings Latin and Greek in his countenance, and busts of the old philosophers for the sitting room. He calls me mother, but I am rather unwilling to own him. He avers that he is my boy, and says that he can prove it. He brings his little boat to show the red stripe on the sail (it was the end of the piece), and the name on the end of the stern, Lucy Howe, a little girl of our neighbor, who, because of her long curls and pretty round face, was the favorite of my boy. The curls were long since cut off, and she has grown to a tall, handsome girl. How his face reddens as he shows me the name on the boat! Oh! I see it all as if it were written in a book. My little boy is lost, and my boy will soon be another's. Oh! I wish he were a little tired boy in a white night-gown, lying in his crib, with me sitting by holding his hand in mine, pushing his curls back from his forehead, watching his eye-lids droop and listening to his deep breathing. If I only had my little boy again, how patient I would be! How much I would bear, and how little I would fret and scold! I can never have him back. But there are still many mothers who have not yet lost their little boys. I wonder if they know they are living their very best days; that now is the time to really enjoy their children? I think if I had been more to my little boy I might now be more to my grown up boy.

A DRUNKARD'S WARNING.—A young man entered the bar room of a village tavern, and called for a drink. "No," said the landlord, "you have too much already. You have had delirium tremens once, and I cannot sell you any more." He stepped aside to make room for a couple of young men who had just entered, and the landlord waited on them very politely. The other had stood by silent and sullen, and when they had finished he walked up to the landlord, and thus addressed him: "Six years ago, at their age, I stood where those young men now are; I was a man with fair prospects. Now, at the age of twenty-eight, I am a wreck, body and mind. You led me to drink. In this room I formed the habit that has been my ruin. Now sell me a few glasses more, and your work will be done! I shall soon be out of the way; there is no hope for me. But they can be saved; they may be men again. Do not sell it to them. Sell it to me, and let me die, and the world will be rid of me; but for Heaven's sake sell no more to them!" The landlord listened, pale and trembling. Setting down his decanter, he exclaimed, "God helping me, that is the last drop I will ever sell to any one." And he kept his word.

WIT FROM THE PULPIT.—It is related of a certain New England divine who flourished not many years ago, and whose matrimonial relations are supposed not to have been of the most agreeable kind, that one Sabbath morning, while reading to his congregation the parable of the supper, in which occurs the passage, "And another said, I have bought five yoke of oxen, and I go to prove them; I pray thee have me excused. And another said, I married a wife, and therefore cannot come"—he suddenly paused at the end of this verse, drew off his spectacles, and looking on his hearers, said, with emphasis: "The fact is, my brethren, one woman can draw a man farther away from the kingdom of heaven than five yoke of oxen."

Disgusted with Editing a Paper.

From a late number of the *Arizona Citizen*, published at Tucson, A. T., we clip the following, from the pen of R. C. Brown, a typo, who formerly worked in this office, but who in his ramblings afterward brought up in Arizona, and went to work in the *Citizen* office. The editor was compelled to absent himself for awhile, and placed Brown in charge of the paper. The latter gives a faint idea of the perplexities of an editor, and his disgust thereat; but we assure our readers the half is not told:

A dispatch from the editor and proprietor of *The Citizen*, received last Saturday, informed us that he would return to his post of duty by Saturday of this week. We have had charge of *The Citizen* a little over two months; and while we think that we have done our duty to the public, and know that we have a clear conscience, we are nevertheless glad to quit the business and turn over the powers, vexations, liabilities and profits to our boss. Since our brief connection with *The Citizen* we have uniformly been treated and spoken of kindly and courteously by the press, and we have heard but very little complaint from the public generally. No one has threatened to blow the top of our head off, or cut out our bread-basket, but we have been very cautious to give no cause for so serious an operation upon our person. We have seen just enough of the business and vexation of a country newspaper to satisfy us that we do not want to invest in such an institution, and we shall feel more kindly and charitable all the balance of our lives to all those who have, by misfortune or otherwise been placed in so unfortunate a position. We think, hereafter, if called upon we can and will go before any tribunal and defend any country editor who may be charged with any ordinary crime or vice, as follows: If charged with stealing, we shall plead he has spent his time and means for an ungrateful community, that had lured him into the belief that he should be supported, but after they had induced him to spend all he had for their good, they were starving him to death; hence it was no crime to appropriate what they justly owed him for his services. If charged with lying, we should say that he had brought upon himself more difficulties and curses by telling the truth than in any other way, hence to get along smoothly and retain any standing in the community lying became necessary. At best he will be cursed. If he is not the first to report news then he is not enterprising; if he reports news as he first receives it and afterwards his report be found to be incorrect, he is cursed for his misrepresentations. If he speaks out boldly against bad men and measures as he sees them, then he is a villifier and a low-down blackguard. If he don't do it he is a coward and lacks spirit. The man who pays $5 and gets fifty-two copies of the paper in return for his money thinks he is a very liberal patron and of course ought to have a large influence in shaping the tone of the paper, and when he finds he has not he considers himself sold, and declares that the paper is not worth a dime. The paper must be made interesting out of matter purely local, because the big papers attend to all outside matters and we get the news earlier and better from them than from our local paper. It costs a great deal of time, patience and money to make a local paper interesting, and yet those who will criticise it the most harshly are not even subscribers, but poach upon their neighbors to read their local paper in order to find fault with the manner in which it is conducted. Now, we have so far no cause to complain. We have not been in the business long enough to become misanthropic, but we begin to feel it coming on, and we throw down the quill entertaining the belief that more is expected of a country editor for less money than from any other person on earth. And if in the course of human events he grows sordid, morose, cross, cussed and mean, it is not his fault, but the fault of those who receive the benefits of his toil and labor, and then abuse him for it. So kind readers adieu, and may the good Lord have mercy on your souls.

THE counties of Solano and Yolo constitute the Seventeenth Senatorial District, and under the existing apportionment, which was made thirteen years ago, they have one Senator and two Assemblymen. In 1860 the population of the District was 12,985, in 1870 it was 26,770, and allowing the same rates of increase during the last three as during the previous ten years, the population in 1873 is 31,000. Sierra county forms the Twenty-Second Senatorial District, and has one Senator and two Assemblymen. Its population was 11,387 in 1860 and 5,619 in 1870. The same rate of decrease until 1873 would make the present population 4,038, which is but little more than one-eighth of the population of Solano and Yolo; yet the two districts will have the same number representatives in the next Legislature. Is not this "minority representation" with a vengeance? Numerous other instances can be cited where the disparity between population and representation is equally great.—*Petaluma Argus.*

As an evidence of the "eccentricity of New England politics," the Sacramento *Union* alludes to the fact that the Republican Conventions of the various New England States have adopted resolutions denouncing the back pay steal, while the probabilities are that Ben Butler, the author of this steal, will be nominated as a Republican candidate for Governor of Massachusetts. The *Union* thinks this very inconsistent, and so it is. But is it a whit more inconsistent than the course of the *Union* and other party papers which denounce the back pay steal and the Congressmen engaged in it, while they indorse and defend the President, who was a party to it, and quietly took his share of the plunder in the doubling of his salary? And is it a whit more inconsistent than the course of the *Union* in denouncing the monopolies, and then when the test comes, in turning around and supporting the party that created and sustains these monopolies?—*S. F. Post.*

SELIGMAN'S new bank with a proposed capital of $6.000.000, a subscribed capital of $3.000.000 and a paid up capital of $1.500.000, has commenced operations in San Francisco.

Not Enough Alone.

Every one needs the repose and opportunity for quiet thought and the formation of unbiased opinion which solitude affords. Many people are scarcely alone an hour of their lives. The very idea of the thing would fill them with dread.

There are men who run all over the neighborhood to find somebody who will be company for their wives while they go to lodge, a town meeting, or—well, nobody but themselves know. Their wives cannot stay alone. If the wife were to be left all alone in a house that would be quite another matter; but the idea that a book, the piano, a drawing, a painting, some kind of needlework, or of household duty, cannot occupy a woman's hands and hold the reins of her thoughts for two or three hours in the evening, is perfect by pitiful. What will she do then when old age drops her into an arm chair in the corner?

Then she must either entertain herself or whine away many a lonely hour; for limbs stiffened with age cannot keep pace with youthful enjoyments and occupations. The distaste of solitude, the habit of constantly seeking company, causes much of the addle-headed twaddle that takes the place of sensible conversation in this world.

People have no chance to improve when they are constantly in company. Each person exerts an influence upon those around, and all individuality is rubbed down to a cipher, which represents the whole group.

Solitude is an absolute necessity to the improvement of the mind, and is a life-preserver to those who daily labor with the brain amid anxieties and excitements. Without it, a man in those pursuits breaks down before his noonday of life is reached. Truly, there is efficacy in close prayer. The quiet of the bed-chamber, after the fatigues of the day are over, is not enough. Thought and reflection are robbers of health and strength, if they intrude upon hours which belong to sleep.

A little time in the middle of the day, if only half an hour, for throwing off the harness of work and business, closing the eyes and reposing the mind and body, is better than a whole apothecary shop for preserving the health.

The dread of being alone from year to year grows upon those who have never enjoyed its luxuries and benefits. Their mental resources become so small that they find themselves too poor company to tolerate.

Of course there is such a thing as having too much solitude, wherein the mind becomes morbid, but the greater danger is, of being too much in company.

There is another reason why some people avoid solitude; and that is, because they fear to come face to face with conscience, when they must listen to its upbraidings.—*Elm Orlou.*

A MAN.—No man in Colusa County ever made so many friends in three minutes as did D. H. Arnold recently, immediately after his defeat in the Convention for the nomination of Sheriff. On the instant of the nomination of Mr. Davis, he arose and made one of the prettiest impromptu speeches of three minutes' duration we ever heard. He had known Mr. D. for fifteen years. Knew him to be a true Democrat, always working for the party. Had had business with him, and knew him to be a gentleman—honest, upright, firm, and good a business man. He would make a good Sheriff; and that he (the speaker) would not be satisfied with voting for Mr. Davis, but would work for him and all the balance of the ticket from now till the election. The speaker's manner was earnest and sincere, and all who heard him knew it came from the heart. Not only did all who had been supporting him declare their admiration of the man, but all those who had supported Davis declared that if he wanted the office two years from now, they would support him. Arnold's action did more to produce harmony in the Convention—did more for the success of the ticket—than a speech from the most eloquent man in the nation. All the other defeated candidates did well, but Arnold being the first, and performing his part elegantly, he "brought the house down," and we have thought him worthy of special mention.—*Colusa Sun.*

JUDGE HASTINGS, of Napa county, has proved himself to be "penny wise and pound foolish." Wishing to have an assessment on certain lands reduced from $68 to $50 per acre, he made an application to the Board of Equalization to that effect, and to put it in its strongest form, gave a power of attorney to a real estate agent to sell the land at the latter figure. The agent, in good faith, found a purchaser, and received $100 to bind the bargain, and afterward received the sum of $85,850, counted the same, and deposited it in the Napa Bank to await the Judge's signature to the deed. The Judge not only refuses to give a deed, but has revoked the power of attorney previously given. As the land is known to be worth at least $100 per acre, and the agent and purchaser have acted in good faith, the chances are that a lawsuit will grow out of it. So much for trying to evade the payment of taxes on a fair assessment on real estate.—*Vallejo Independent.*

HENRY EDGERTON has been nominated by the "Taxpayers" of Sacramento for State Senator. Mr. Edgerton is an eloquent speaker, and has been employed in every campaign during the past ten years to advocate the election of the Radical nominees from the stump. As a speaker he has few superiors anywhere, and if his moral qualities were equal to his facility of speech, he would be a man of very superior merit; but, unfortunately they are not, and he belongs to that class of "unreliable men" that abound everywhere in this day and generation. We think the "Taxpayers" made a mistake in nominating Edgerton. If they desired his services on the stump, they might have been had for a fee, but his reputation for instability will, we apprehend, cause many men to vote against him who would have willingly supported a more reliable man on the same ticket.—*Santa Clara Argus.*

THE Yreka *Union* says: When the New York *Herald* settled up with Bill Dadd for his services as correspondent of the *Herald* after the departure of Mr. Fox, and sent a check for the expenses he had incurred, they added $100 as a bonus, so well pleased were they with the way he had served them.

Dear Brother, Come Home to the Farm.

Your letter reached me, dear Herbert,
And I have read it all through,
So now I am going to answer
And talk quite plainly to you.
'Tis time that you learned, my dear brother,
A little for others to care;
Letting reason guide you a little,
And stop living in castles of air.

I don't want to be hard, my dear brother,
But the truth must be verily told;
Since the death of our dear, darling mother
Our father has grown wonderfully old.
I think he longs for you often,
And wishes Bert's strong, sturdy arm
Would willingly, cheerfully help him
Find wealth from the soil of the farm.

There's no disguising it, Herbert,
I think you sadly mistake
When you say "the life of a farmer
Is of such a contemptible make."
I'm sure no life suits you better,
And you know this to be a grim fact,
The professions of doctor and lawyer
Fill the country until it is packed.

Be sensible now, darling Herbert,
Remember our family cares:
Remember your promise to mother,
Remember how poor father fares
All alone, with no one to help him;
Don't longer be lifeless charm,
Look away from yourself for one moment,
Dear brother, come home to the farm.

What good did the few months at college
Do you? I would like to find out;
It only unsettled your prospects,
And ended in running about.
As for being a gentleman, Herbert,
That end can as well be attained
At work on the farm for your father
As in the city you named.

Don't spend any more idle moments,
Nor live for yourself all alone;
But come back to the cheery old fireside,
And enliven our dear father's tone.
Mother Earth will welcome you gladly,
Her soul will ne'er do you harm:
You will find your richest vocation
At home and at work on the farm.

Roman London.

Eighteen feet below the level of Cheapside lies hidden Roman London, and deeper even than that is buried the earlier London of those savage charioteers, who, long ages ago, bravely confronted the legions of Rome. In nearly all parts of the city there have been discovered tasselated pavements, Roman tombs, lamps, vases, sandals, keys, ornaments, weapons, coins, and statues of the ancient Roman gods. So the present has grown up upon the ashes of the past. Trees that are to live long grow slowly. Slow and stately as an oak London grew and grew, till now nearly four million souls represent its leaves. Our London is very old. Centuries before Christ there probably came the first few half-naked fishermen and hunters, who reared with flint axes and such rude tools, some miserable huts on the rising ground that, forming the north bank of the Thames, slopes to the river some sixty miles to where it joins the sea. According to some, the river spread out like a vast lake between the Surry and the Essex hills in those times when the half savage settlers first found the low slopes of the future London, places of health and defence, amid a vast and dismal region of fen, swamp and forest. The heroism and the cruelties, the hopes and fears of those poor barbarians, darkness never to be removed has hidden from us forever.

In later days monkish historians, whom Milton afterward followed, ignored these early relations of ours, and invented, as a more fitting ancestor of Englishmen, Brute, a fugitive nephew of Æneas of Troy. But roam where we will, the pertinacious savage, with his limbs stained blue and his flint ax red with blood, is a ghost not easily to be exorcised from the banks of the Thames, and in some Welch veins his blood no doubt flows at this very day. The founder of London had no historian to record his hopes—a place where big salmon were to be met with, was probably his highest ambition. How he bartered with Phoenicans or Gauls for amber or iron, no Druid has recorded. How he slew the foraging Belgæ, or was slain by them and dispossessed, no bard has sung. Whether he was generous and heroic as the New Zealander, or ape like and thievish as the Bushman, no ethnologist has yet proved. The very ashes of the founder of London have long since turned to earth, air and water.—*Cassell's Old and New London.*

WOMEN'S LEGS.—Here is something from the *Book of Beauty* that is strictly local here or anywhere else. Women should read it:

"A handsome leg is a rarity, we had almost said an impossibility, among American women. The reason of this is the place where they wear their garters. No French woman, no English woman of cultivation, now-a-days wears her garters below the knees. It is ruinous to the shape of the calf. More than this, it has serious consequences of another kind. The principal vein of the leg, *vena saphrenabrevis*, runs just beneath the skin until it nearly reaches the knee, when it sinks between the muscles. Now, if this is constricted at its largest point by a tight garter, the blood is checked in its return to the heart, the feet are easily chilled, and more liable to disease; the other veins of the leg are swollen into hard blue knots, become varicose, as it is called, and often break, forming obstinate ulcers. This is a picture which a physician sees nearly every day. With the garter fastened above the knee all this pain and deformity is avoided, but it is still better to wear no garter at all, and to suspend the stocking by tapes around the waist. In this case however, a well-fitting stocking is needed."

WHAT PAPERS DO FOR NOTHING.—An exchange speaking of newspapers and what is expected of them, very forcibly remarks that "there is no business in all the wide world so subject to sponging as the art or trade of printing a newspaper. Public corporations, societies and associations in general have peculiar ideas about papers. They think they ought to print, puff and publish all for nothing; that is, free gratis; in other words, they seem astonished if asked half price, only, for cards of thanks, tributes of respect, personal communications, or anything else that interests only a few persons, and not the general reader; they think it costs no money to advertise, puff, etc. They forget that it takes a large amount of money to pay the compositors, to buy ink, type and paper, pay office rent, coal bills, gas bills, etc."

THE LAST SCENE.—One may live as a conqueror, or a king, or a magistrate; but he must die a man. The bed of death brings every human being to his pure individuality, to the intense contemplation of that deepest and most solemn of all relations, the relation between the creature and his Creator.

La Mountain—The Aeronaut's Terrible Death.

An Ionia (Mich.) letter gives the following details of the death of the aeronaut, La Mountain, there on the 4th: A heavy squall of wind delayed the ascension for three hours, but at the end of that time the air became perfectly calm. Under the direction of the professor the balloon was got into position, and its inflation with hot air commenced. The canvas soon filled and loomed up nearly seventy-five feet high. The basket was a willow one, of a size sufficient to hold one person comfortably. It was attached to the balloon by six or eight long ropes, which were fastened at the top to a round piece of wood, some two or three feet in diameter. The ropes were in no manner fastened together between the top and the basket. As each piece was 100 feet long, it seemed to the unexperienced eye that there should have been some webbing or network, at least, over the bag or bulge of the canvas. It was also noticed that the ropes were unevenly distributed, three or four being in a comparative cluster, leaving the other strands far apart. Everything being in readiness, the words, "let her go" were given and the air-ship darted up with great rapidity, while the daring aeronaut waved his hat to the uneasy, uncertain multitude who almost breathlessly and in silence watched his flight. Immediately upon leaving the ground the canvas began to flap with great violence. When fully a half mile from the earth and when the whole structure looked no larger than a hogshead, the balloon slipped between the ropes, and was instantly inverted. The car and its occupant dropped like a shot, and when the ropes were pulled taut, the round piece of wood before alluded to was torn from the canvas. With the most terrific velocity the unfortunate man decended, clinging to the basket. That he was conscious was evident from his struggles. With all the intensity of a life with but one chance, he strove to raise the basket above him, evidently hoping to use it as a parachute. He succeeded in his object, but when about 100 feet high he loosed his hold, folded his hands and arms before his face, and his feet struck the ground with a dull, heavy thud. Then ensued a panic and uproar in the crowded multitude which is indescribable. Women fainted; strong men wept, and to add to the confusion, the canvas came flying over the crowd like a huge bird. Some one cried to get out of the way, as it would fall with crushing force. Then the cry was taken up, and a general rush was made for safety, in which many were more or less injured. La Mountain was crushed into a literal pulp. Not a sign of motion or life was visible when he was reached. A medical examination disclosed the fact that hardly a whole bone was left. His jaws fell upon his arms, and were pulverized; the blood spirted from his mouth and ears. The body was laid out on a couch, a circle formed, and a procession of all who wished to view the remains passed around. The professor is a brother of the celebrated aeronaut who died two or three years ago. This one's name was Edward La Mountain. He was a jeweler by trade, and lived at Brooklyn in this State. He had said just before he went up that he wished to take the train for home as soon as possible after coming down, as his wife was very sick. He himself had not had his clothes off for ten days. There were from 10,000 to 12,000 people who witnessed this horrible tragedy. He was seen by people four miles from the city, at an angle of thirty-five degrees. The best estimates make the height from which he fell from 1,000 to 1,500 feet. Those who were on the hill back of the town said the strangest sight was to witness the people swaying backward and forward like a field of wheat moved by the wind.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.—Griqueland West, where the South African diamond fields are situated, is becoming an interesting country, and Great Britain is coming to value her new territory, which extends, studded with precious stones, over an area comprising 27,800 square miles. Griqueland is a good grazing country, and has a generous sprinkling of the more useful minerals, including copper, lead, coal and iron; but its diamonds constitute its chief wealth. The most famous of the dry diggings at DeBeers, New Rush, where the first diamond was discovered two years ago under the roots of an old thorn tree, is now honeycombed with pits from fifty to one hundred feet in depth, according to the amount of labor employed by the 4,300 claim-holders. Last year there were $5,000,000 worth of diamonds dug from these mines, and the chances are good in the same place for some time to come, though the expense of mining rapidly increases after reaching a certain depth. The revenue of the colony, comprising 40,000 inhabitants, is raised from the licenses granted to the diggers and shopkeepers, and last year it amounted to $300,000, while public expenditure was less than half that. A movement is on foot to make Griqueland a separate province, with a constitution something like that of Natal.

THE SUGAR BEET CROP.—Some of our best farmers annually put in an acre or two of sugar beets, and thus lay up for Winter a supply of good succulent food that comes into use when they are obliged in a great measure to depend upon dry food only. When the beets are chopped up and sprinkled with a little corn meal or bran, they are eaten eagerly by cows and steers, and they are not only fattening and milk-producing, but extremely wholesome. They are raised as easily as a crop of ordinary turnips in drills. The ground must be well prepared and manured deeply; the rows struck about thirty inches apart, and the seed drilled in. When up two or three inches the plants should be thinned out, removing the weakest, to four or five inches apart, and thoroughly cleared of weeds. The cultivator should be passed through once or twice carefully. In three or four weeks another thinning out should take place, allowing the plants to stand from eight to ten inches apart. The hoe should be freely used between the plants, and the cultivator between the rows. Frequent stirring of the ground is indispensable in the production of a large crop.

JUDGE HUNT fined Susan B. Anthony $100 and costs as the penalty for voting. The election officers who permitted her to vote were each fined $25 and $30 costs.

The Yolo Democrat.

COUNTY AND TOWN OFFICIAL PAPER.

WOODLAND, CAL.:

Friday, July 18th, 1873.

EXPENSIVE WATER.—The water supply at the State Prison costs the State $1,500 a month.

RAIN IN SHASTA.—Thirty-one one-hundredths of an inch of rain fell in Shasta, July 16.

EQUALIZATION.—The Board of Equalization is in session. See their notice elsewhere as to continuance, etc.

OVER THE FALLS.—A boat containing two men, two women and a boy was carried over the falls of Niagara July 4th.

NEW RAILROAD.—English capitalists are surveying a railroad route from San Diego to Matagorda Bay on the Gulf of Mexico.

CHOLERA.—The cholera is abating on the continent of Europe, and has entirely disappeared from Dantzic, Brest and Munich.

LUNACY.—Two hundred and forty-nine persons were sent to the Insane Asylum from San Francisco during the year ending June 30th.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.—"My vote did not make it a law. His signature did." Garfield on Grant's connection with the salary steal bill.

WILL REMOVE.—Hon. J. K. Luttrell has purchased a residence in Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, and will remove his family thither in a few days.

SETTLED.—The San Francisco *Call* learns by telegraph that the Pacific terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad has been located at Tacoma, Washington Territory.

TWO-THIRDS NEGROES.—It is reported that there have been about seven hundred and fifty deaths from cholera the present season in Nashville, two-thirds of the victims being negroes.

COSTLY WATER.—The Oakland *Transcript* is informed on good authority that it now costs the United States Government $3,000 per month to supply the Navy Yard at Mare Island with water.

VOL. XVII.—The Napa *Reporter*, an excellent local paper and a faithful and able advocate of the interest of its section, has entered on its eighteenth volume. We wish it continued prosperity.

DISCOVERED DEAD.—A relief party which had been sent to the Spitzbergen group of islands found the eighteen Norwegian sailors who had been left there by a vessel of the German Navigation Company, all dead.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.—Sunday a fire in Grand Rapids, Michigan, destroyed property worth $300,000. A fire in Greenbush, New York, the same day, destroyed nearly $200,000 worth of property, and a boy was burned to death.

THE "EXAMINER."—We call attention to the advertisement of the San Francisco *Examiner*, the recognized organ of the Democracy of this coast, a first class, sterling, ably conducted Democratic paper.

SIXTH VOLUME.—That sterling Democratic paper, the *Solano Democrat*, has entered upon its sixth volume under the most favorable circumstances. It is an ably conducted journal and deserving of the support of the Solano Democracy.

DISTRICT COURT.—To-day, July 18th, is Law Day for the adjourned term of the District Court. The term commences on Monday next July 21st. We have heretofore published the calender, to which we learn there have been no important additions.

DEMAND REFUSED.—On Saturday State Printer Springer formally demanded of State Controller Green the latter's warrant of $36 000, the amount allowed the Printer by the State Board of Examiners. The Controller refused to issue it, alleging that there is still an overcharge of $4.000.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS IN COLUSA.—For County Clerk, S. M. Bishop; Sheriff, Mayberry Davis; Treasurer, Harry Peyton; District Attorney, D. Shepardson; Superintendent of Public Schools, J. E. Putman; County Surveyor, M. P. Ferguson; Coroner and Public Administrator, S. H. Allen; Assessor, P. Perdue; Joint Assemblyman, H. W. Brown of Tehama.

STRANGE.—The Benicia *Tribune* complains that it does not have the support that it ought to have. Very strange. When Mr. Hopkins, editor and publisher of the *Tribune* took charge of the *Yolo Mail*, a year ago, he was heralded as a bright particular star in the newspaper world, but he couldn't make the people see it. And now, in his new field at Benicia he does not seem to be appreciated. 'Tis very strange indeed.

NAPA ITEMS.—Among its news from Napa, the Vallejo *Chronicle* has this: "The Second Adventists are having a most successful revival in Napa City. Their Camp is pitched on the Common, and several clergymen are officiating in the work of saving souls. Two hundred converts have thus far embraced the faith." It is a fact that a most successful revival is going on in Napa, but we think the *Chronicle* has put it on a little too thick—say 100 instead of 200.

SENATORIAL CANDIDATES.—The following persons are mentioned as candidates for United States Senator: Among the Democrats, Eugene Casserly, Wm. T. Wallace, Jos. P. Hoge, H. H. Haight, E. J. Lewis, W. T. Coleman, W. Irwin, John S. Hagar, and Samuel Wilson. Among the Republicans, Newton Booth, John B. Felton, John F. Miller, Jesse O. Goodwin, James McM. Shafter, John Bidwell, T. G. Phelps, C. Cole, John Dwinelle, W. H. L. Barnes and Tom Shannon.

NEW MUSIC.—By the liberal and enterprising music publishing house of M. Gray, 633-25 Clay street, San Francisco, we have been favored with the following new pieces of music: "Together Again," ballad; Walse Brilliante, "Mignon;" ballad "Once Again;" melody "There was an Aged Monarch;" ballad "Friends and Fortune have Departed;" quadrille "Merry Wives of Windsor." These or any other pieces of music or any kind of musical instrument can be obtained by sending to the above address.

STILL ANOTHER.—A new hand, or rather an old one, has taken up the quill editorial of *The Yolo Mail*, in the person of R. T. Montgomery, formerly of Napa. Since the *Mail* was started, over four years ago, there have been many changes in its editorial management. We extend our ☞ to Mr. Montgomery, and hope he will have better success, financially, than any of his predecessors, all of whom have retired in disgust and seemed glad to be well clear of the tottering concern. Politically, we have no congratulations to offer, as our roads lead in opposite directions; but we feel confident that if the *Mail* is to be made acceptable to Yolo readers it *must* take a different course from that heretofore pursued. We shall see what we shall see.

Democrats, to the Front!

The Republicans have held their Primaries throughout the county, and to-morrow the delegates chosen will assemble in County Convention. Whether they will nominate candidates or not is none of our particular business. But it opens the campaign, and the Democratic Primaries and County Convention will soon be called. And right here we have a few words to say to our Democratic friends—not to any ring, or clique, or faction—we know none of them, we will know none of them, nor have anything to do with them if they exist. We believe none do exist. We wish only to talk to the great Democratic party of Yolo County as a whole—as a unit. First and foremost, friends, let us remember that in union there is strength. "United we stand, divided we fall." Then let us make up our minds to select good and true men at the Primaries to represent us in the County Convention who will nominate candidates to come before the people for their suffrages. And this brings the matter right home to every Democrat in the county. None will deny that the majority must rule in all conventions, as well as in the election of delegates to those conventions. Then it becomes the duty of every Democrat to attend the Primaries, and take part in the election of delegates. The power rests directly with the people to choose their servants if they will. If they do not, they have no reason to complain. What matters it if this candidate or that one solicits your vote? Remember, the free exercise of the ballot is sacred to every American citizen; and, thank Heaven, there is now no interference with that right. Every voter can march to the polls and deposit his ballot without fear or favor, proud in this glorious right of American citizenship. Then, the majority of our party having chosen delegates to represent them in County Convention, there the majority must again rule, and the candidates they select must be the candidates of the party. This is our platform for the campaign; and we have no fears but that every candid Democrat in the county will endorse it. And further; the candidates thus selected will have the support of this paper. Does any one ask why? Because we have unbounded faith in the soundness and purity of Democratic principles, and in none other, in a political sense. We also believe in the rule of the majority when a fair and honest expression is given; and whether it can be given in any better way than through the usual system of Primaries and Convention we seriously doubt. When the properly constituted authority—the Democratic County Central Committee—shall have appointed the Primaries, let every Democrat be just as particular to go to the polls and vote for delegates as he will to vote direct for the candidates on election day. Then there need be no trouble, no conflict, no difficulty. All will be well. Try it, Democratic friends. It will give us a ticket that will satisfy all; and farther than that, one that will sweep the field.

SHOULD BE STOPPED.—We are informed that parties at Knight's Landing and in other parts of the county are in the habit of killing the young ducks, just for the fun of the thing. This must be stopped, or the parties who informed us will commence proceedings for that purpose.

New Advertisements.

1865. **DAILY EXAMINER** 1873.

—AND—

WEEKLY EXAMINER!

CHIEF ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

—OF—

CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Daily is the OFFICIAL PAPER of the City and County of San Francisco, and receives the latest and most reliable dispatches by the Atlantic and Pacific line.

The Weekly Examiner

Contains sixty-four columns of carefully selected reading matter, and is enriched with the Soundest Essays on the Political and General Questions of the day, by the ablest

DEMOCRATIC WRITERS

On the Coast, treated in a manner to render the EXAMINER valuable for present reading and for future reference.

It is prepared expressly for the Farmer, Miner and Interior Merchant, and will be found invaluable for its carefully compiled, elaborate and reliable

MARKET REPORTS.

It has the largest circulation of any weekly paper published west of the Rocky Mountains. As a Family Newspaper, it has no superior in the State, and no Democratic home should be without it. It may be read with profit and pleasure around the domestic hearth, especial care being taken that it shall contain nothing that can offend morality.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily, one year	$10 00
Daily, six months	6 00
Daily, three months	3 00
Weekly, per annum	5 00
Weekly, for six months	2 50

TERMS OF CLUBS FOR WEEKLY.

Five copies, and under ten, one year, per copy	$4 00
Ten copies, and under twenty, one year, per copy	3 50
Twenty copies, and over, one year, per copy	3 00

FARMERS, ORGANIZE AND SUBSCRIBE

For a Substantial Democratic Paper! Get up clubs in every township! See the low club rates and get your neighbors to join you in a club.

☞ Orders for clubs must be accompanied by the money. Papers to clubs will invariably be sent to one address, and names of club subscribers will not be written on papers. Subscriptions payable in advance.

WM. M. MOSS & CO., Publishers,
jy18-4w 535 Washington st., San Francisco.

Town Property for Sale!

I offer for sale my Residence in the Town of Woodland, situated at the

COR. NORTH AND FOURTH STS.,

On Reasonable Terms. The lot is situated on the Northeast corner, 120 by 160 feet in size. The house is 1½ story, well finished, and contains six rooms. There is also a Cellar, Cistern, Well, Barn and Stables—in fact the whole comprises a complete and

Pleasant Family Residence.

For particulars, inquire of

jy18-tf C. KAUFMAN.

DR. E. D. HARKNESS,

HOMEOPATHIST AND VISITING PHYSICIAN,

May be found day or night at his rooms in the Craft House, when not engaged out professionally. Consultations held in Craft House Parlors. Diseases treated by specific medication without the injurious action of mercury and other drug poisons. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty.

jy18-3m

To the Voters of Yolo County.

The Democratic leaders of the nation have given us a platform, borrowed from a Republican source, and substantially the same as that of the Republicans. Old issues have passed away, and the condition of the country is such that new ones must soon be formed, without reference to former political affiliations. Thus believing, I will ask no political convention whether or not I may be a candidate; I therefore announce myself as a candidate for the office of **DISTRICT ATTORNEY**, and solicit the votes of those who believe me to be the most suitable man for that position.

JAMES JOHNSON.

jy4-tf

New Advertisements.

Bynum & Strong,

COR. ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING,

Main St., Woodland,

Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

A Large Stock of Stationery,

—CONSISTING OF—

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS

BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES, MEMORANDUMS, ETC., ETC.

A Fine Stock

—OF—

TOBACCO and CIGARS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Prescriptions Carefully

AND ACCURATELY

Compounded—Day or Night—

—BY A—

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

Nothing but the Purest Medicines Used.

jy18-3m

NEW STORE.

New Goods and New Prices!

J. I. EATON,

(FORMERLY OF EATON & BRO.,)

Has just received and opened in the new building opposite the Masonic Hall, a new stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

Which we offer for sale

For Cash, or in Thirty Days,

At prices to suit the times. I do my own work and have no rent to pay, consequently can sell at low figures.

Goods Delivered in Any Part of the City.

☞ Store in the Grove, opposite the Masonic Building.

Woodland, July 18th, 1873. jy18-3m

POULTRY AND EGGS!

The undersigned is prepared to buy all kinds of Poultry and Fresh Eggs, for which he will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE IN CASH.

Office—In A. Griggs' Grocery Store,

MASONIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

jy18-3m JOHN J. FRIGGENS.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the PIONEER PLANING MILL, and the business connected therewith, under the firm name of WINNE & CALDWELL, in the Town of Woodland, Yolo County, California, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. SAMUEL CALDWELL is authorized to collect all moneys due said firm, and also to pay all its indebtedness.

Dated, Woodland, July 15th, 1873.

W. H. WINNE,
SAMUEL CALDWELL.

NOTICE.—The above business will be continued by the undersigned, who respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the public of Woodland and vicinity.

jy18-1m SAMUEL CALDWELL.

Equalization.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ASSESSMENT ROLL OF 1873-4 has been delivered to me by the Assessor of Yolo County, Cal., and that the Board of Equalization will be in session daily from 8½ A.M. to 5 P.M. until the business presented is disposed of—but not later than July 28th, 1873.

July 7th, 1873. D. SCHINDLER,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo Co., Cal. jy18 3t

NOTICE.

I HEREBY WARN AND FORBID ALL persons to trust my son ALBERT HILLER on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting from and after this date.

S. HILLER.

Woodland, July 12th, 1873. jy18-2w

F. M. HALL,

MAIN ST., NEXT THE BANK OF WOODLAND,

ALL KINDS OF

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Wares,

PUMPS,

Lead and Iron Pipes, Gas Fixtures, Sheet Zinc, Tacks,

TABLE CUTLERY,

BRITANNIA WARE,

Clothes Wringers, House Furnishing Hardware. Agent for the celebrated

Richmond Cooking Range,

Wooden Ware, Brushes, Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs, Bake Ovens, Fry Pans, Churns of all kinds,

Apple Parers, Cabbage Cutters, Nails, Hinges and Screws, Mechanics' Tools,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

☞ Particular Attention Given to Laying

GAS AND WATER PIPES!

All kinds of Repairing in his Line Done with Neatness and Dispatch, and

AT REASONABLE PRICES!

☞ *Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.* my2-3m

PUBLIC MEETING.

All who are favorable to the laboring men, who desire to form a Laboring Man's Ticket, to be voted for at the coming election, will meet at the Court House in Woodland

On Saturday, July 26th, 1873.

AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

A ticket will be formed to represent the Laboring Men; The People's Rights; Equal and Low Taxation.

jy11-2t W. J. CAMPBELL.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. H. HARLAN announces himself as a candidate for **Sheriff** of Yolo County, at the next general election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

If agreeable to the wishes of the Democratic County Convention, I will be a candidate for the office of **Tax Collector** at the ensuing election, and if nominated and elected will endeavor to fulfil the duties of said office in a manner satisfactory to the Taxpayers of Yolo County. **W. A. HENRY.**

M. O. HARLING, of Buckeye, announces himself as a candidate for **Tax Collector** of Yolo County, at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

MILTON DALE, Esq., of West Grafton, announces himself as a candidate for **Tax Collector**, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Yolo County.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

At the solicitation of many friends, I have consented to allow my name to come before the Democratic Convention of Yolo, as a candidate for the office of **County Clerk**, and shall cheerfully abide by the action of that Convention, whatever its decision may be.

DAVID MEGOWAN.

FOR RECORDER.

J. L. SIMPSON will be a candidate for the office of **Recorder** of Yolo County at the next election if nominated by the Democratic County Convention, otherwise will abide by its decision.

I respectfully submit my name as a candidate for **Recorder**, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

J. D. LAWSON.

FOR SURVEYOR.

If agreeable to the wishes of the party, **J. I. UNDERHILL** will be a candidate for the office of **County Surveyor** of Yolo County, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Great Reduction

IN PRICES AT THE

WHITE HOUSE.

We will sell for the next

SIXTY DAYS

Our Entire Stock of

SPRING GOODS!

AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES!

Consisting of

Japanese Poplins, Spring Poplins, Cheviots, Lawns and Percales.

MEN'S AND YOUTH'S CLOTHING!

And other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Give us a call and satisfy yourself that the White House is the cheapest store in Yolo County.

ALEXANDER & CO.

je26-3m One door East of Porter & Co.

SOMETHING NEW!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE, Woodland, Yolo County.

ADOLPH KIERSKI,

After sixteen years' experience in the Book, Stationery and Fancy Goods business, takes this method of informing the residents of Woodland and vicinity that he has opened an establishment at the above named place, where can be found a full assortment of

CANDIES, of all descriptions,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

BOOKS,

Both Blank, Miscellaneous, Standard and Light Literature,

Toys and Fancy Goods,

—AND—

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

☞ **Notice to Parents:**

SCHOOL BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS,

Such as are used in the Colleges and Public Schools, to be had at the

Lowest San Francisco Prices.

Please Call and Examine Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

jy4-3m

NEW

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING

ESTABLISHMENT!

Mmes. Williard & Phillips,

Having moved into their new store on Main street, immediately opposite the Craft Hotel, desire to inform the ladies of Woodland and vicinity that they are prepared to furnish anything in the line of Millinery they may desire, and also to do all kinds of Dressmaking, to suit the taste of the most fastidious.

PLEASE GIVE US A CALL,

And we will endeavor to please in both styles and prices. jy4-3m

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE

—AND—

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned having permanently located in Woodland, would respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. They are prepared to do work in the best style, such as

Graining, Marbling, Sign-Painting, Kalsomining, Etc.

None but the best materials used in our work.

Also, Sole Agents in Yolo County for W. S. READ & CO'S

UNIVERSAL LIQUID SLATING

FOR BLACKBOARDS.

Old Boards Repaired, and new ones put up on Plaster or Wood.

HOERNLEIN & STOCKWELL.

☞ Office and Paint Shop adjoining Perry's Blacksmith Shop, First street, one door south of Odd Fellows' Block. my26-3m

SAN FRANCISCO

BOOT and SHOE STORE!

The undersigned have just opened the store formerly occupied by Mr. S. HYMAN with a fine and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

Which they will sell at the most reasonable prices.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER!

And Repairing Neatly Done at the Lowest San Francisco Prices.

☞ *CALL AND TRY THEM!* ☜

L. KAMINSKY & Co.,

my30-3m WOODLAND, YOLO CO.

Don't Read This!

If you do you will be sure to go to the store

—OF—

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.,

—AND—

Spend Your Last Dollar

In buying those

CHEAP GOODS

We are selling so rapidly

To Satisfy Our Creditors.

We must raise

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

IN NINETY DAYS!

And in order to do it we will Sell our Goods

—AT—

LESS THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES

FOR CASH ONLY!

WE HAVE A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Gros Grain Silks, Japanese Silks, French Poplins, Grenadines, Lawns, Crape Pique, Plain Pique,

JAPANESE POPLINS

—AND—

CHINESE GRASS CLOTH!

A Splendid Assortment of

Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery

—AND—

UNDERWEAR!

OUR CLOTHING

—AND—

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Departments contain the Most Fashionable and Complete Assortment in town. A Full Stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

ETC., ETC.

☞ All persons indebted to us are respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts without delay.

my23-3m JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.

Lumber Dealers,

ATTENTION!

PIONEER LUMBER YARD!

R. H. NEWTON & CO.,

Have constantly on hand, at their Lumber Yard, near the old Railroad Depot, Woodland, every kind of

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Eastern Lumber, Doors, Windows, Sash, Blinds, Fence Posts, Laths, Shingles, Shakes, etc., in great quantity and variety. Also,

Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris, Hair, etc.

je20-3m R. H. NEWTON & CO.

GEO. WOODS & CO'S

ORGANS!

The most remarkable instrument ever perfected; capable of the most beautiful musical effects, and in the most elegant cases.

ALL LOVERS OF MUSIC

Should see them, and hear their

COMBINATION SOLO STOPS!

WM. G. BADGER,

je13-6w 7 Sansome Street, San Francisco.

PASTURAGE.

Good Pasturage can be had for gentle stock at Shearer's. Inquire at the Depot. je18-tf

CLOSING OUT SALE!

I have determined to dispose of my entire

STOCK OF GOODS!

—ALSO—

Store Fixtures, Safe, Etc., Etc.,

AS SOON AS POSSIBLE!

—AND—

RETIRE FROM THE BUSINESS!

From this date until all is disposed of, my goods will be sold at

San Francisco Auction Prices,

FOR CASH!

All purchasers are urgently invited to call and select for themselves, as I am confident they can

Do Better at My Store than Elsewhere!

HENRY ARONSON.

May 15th, 1873. je20-tf

YOLO COUNTY

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

READ & WELCH, Proprietors.

In this establishment can be found anything under the head of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—INCLUDING—

BOOTS, SHOES

HATS, CAPS,

Trunks, Valises, Knives,

POCKET BOOKS, COMBS,

And a list of

OTHER ARTICLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

P.S.—Call for the best genuine home-made

BUCK GLOVES!

my25

THE "SILVER TONGUE"

ORGANS

For Parlor, Church and School.

MANUFACTURED BY

E. P. Needham & Son.

ESTABLISHED IN 1846.

Nos. 143, 145 *and* 147 *East* 23*d St., N. Y.*

Responsible parties applying for agencies in sections still unsupplied, will receive prompt attention and liberal inducements. Parties residing at a distance from our authorized agents, may order from our factory. Send for illustrated price list. jy11-3m

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE!

IN WOODLAND!

DRYFUS & CO.,

Have in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors,

CIGARS, ETC.,

Which they offer to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED,

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.

March 8th, 1873. je6

BARR'S SALOON

(CRAFT HOTEL)

Is acknowledged to be the most handsomely fitted up establishment in Woodland.

A FINE DELANEY'S WIRE CUSHION

BILLIARD TABLE

Has been procured for the accommodation and enjoyment of guests.

THE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Kept at this house. ☞ Come and see me.

my22-3m C. BARR, Proprietor.

LOST.

On Friday, June 6th, between Woodland and Elkhorn Landing, on the Sacramento River, a HICKORY WALKING STICK. The head is made of vulcanized India rubber; a gold band around the neck, and a gold quartz set in the top. Any person returning the same to the undersigned at his dental rooms in Woodland, will be suitably rewarded.

DR. W. J. PRATHER.

Woodland, June 18th, 1873. je20-tf

POULTRY WORLD,

A Splendidly Illustrated Monthly, *devoted exclusively to Poultry.* $1.25 a year. Send 10 cts. for a specimen copy. Address, POULTRY WORLD, Hartford, Ct. my26-3m

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo.

THE BANK OF WOODLAND, Plaintiff, vs. IRA J. SAUNDERS and MARY A. SAUNDERS, Defendants.

Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and the Complaint filed in said County of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Ira J. Saunders and Mary A. Saunders, defendants:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, then within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of two certain Mortgages described in the said Complaint, and executed by the said defendants, one dated December 19th, 1870, and one dated March 14th, 1871, to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes—one dated December 19th, 1870, for the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($350) with One and a-half (1½) per cent. interest per month from date, and one dated March 14th, 1871, One for Hundred and Fifty dollars ($150), with One and a-half (1½) per cent. interest per month from that date, interest on both said notes to be paid every three months or compounded and to draw like interest, both principal and interest payable in United States gold coin; that the premises conveyed by said Mortgages may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said promissory notes, and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against said Ira J. Saunders and Mary A. Saunders for the balance remaining due, and also that the said defendants and all persons claiming by, through or under them may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said Complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, this Nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

[SEAL.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

Je20-2m

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo.

THE BANK OF WOODLAND, Plaintiff, vs. THOMAS SMITH, defendant.

Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and the Complaint filed in said County of Yolo in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Thomas Smith, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, then within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of one certain mortgage described in the said Complaint, and executed by the said Thomas Smith on the Seventh day of September, A.D. 1872, to secure the payment of a certain one promissory note for the sum of Six Hundred Dollars ($600) with interest of One and a-half (1½) per cent. per month, to be paid every three months, or to be added to and become part of the principal; that the premises conveyed by said mortgage may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said promissory note; and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against said Thomas Smith for the balance remaining due, and also that the said defendant and all persons claiming by, through or under him may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said Complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, this Nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

[SEAL.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

Je20-2m

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo.

SAMUEL HAINES, Plaintiff, against T. J. VIVIAN, Defendant.

Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and the Complaint filed in said County of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to T. J. VIVIAN, Defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and to answer the complaint filed therein within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise, within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of Court requiring defendant to make a good and sufficient Deed of Conveyance to plaintiff for the N E ¼ of the N E ¼ of Section No. Eleven, Town 9 N. of R No. 2 West of Mt. Diablo base and meridian, and for such other and further relief as may to equity belong, as will more fully appear by the complaint on file in my office.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will take default and apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint on file herein.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo this 23d day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

[SEAL.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

By D. M. BURNS, Dep. Clerk,

J. C. BALL, Plaintiff's Att'y. je27-3m

Notice of Lost Certificate.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO ALL WHOM it may concern, that I am the owner of the Certificate of Purchase No. 1752 for Survey No. 650 of Swamp and Overflowed lands in Yolo County, State of California, being part of Section Nineteen in Township No. Six North of Range No. Four East, of Mount Diablo base and meridian, containing seventy-two and Seventy-seven one-hundredths acres; that the Certificate was issued to J. J. Ammons, who sold and transferred the same to me; that I am the owner and entitled to the possession thereof; that the same has been lost and cannot be found; that I intend applying to the Register of the State Land Office at Sacramento, on MONDAY the ELEVENTH day of August, A.D. 1873, to have a duplicate of the said certificate of purchase issued to me.

JAMES McCREADIE.

MERRITT ISLAND, July 7th, 1873. jy11-5t

Probate Notice.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Yolo. In the matter of the estate of MARY BROWN, deceased. In Probate Court. Notice for publication of time appointed for proving Will, etc:

Pursuant to an order of said Court, made on the Seventh day of July, A.D. 1873, notice is hereby given that the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, A.D. 1873, at One o'clock P.M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, in the Court House in Woodland, in the County of Yolo, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said MARY BROWN, deceased, and for hearing the application of JAMES B. PRICE, for the issuance to him of Letters Testamentary, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated July 7th, 1873.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

jy11-4t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Robert C. Briggs, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Executor of the Estate of ROBERT C. BRIGGS, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Executor, at his residence at Buckeye, in the County of Yolo, State of California.

Dated at Woodland, June 21st, 1873.

S. G. HARPER, Attorney. JOHN R. BRIGGS, Executor.

je27-5t

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil At E. DYNUM & CO'S.

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, July 18th, 1873.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. B. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE	Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS	do do
R. R. DARBY	Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co	Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL	Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL	Cacheville.
JUDGE J. ONEAL	Davisville.
W. M. GREEN	Washington.

C. P. R. R.

On and after Sunday, May 4th, 1873, Trains will leave Woodland as follows:

—LOCAL PASSENGER TRAINS—

For Sacramento and San Francisco	..	*6:40 A.M.
" Sacramento and San Francisco	..	†10:57 A.M.
" Knights Landing	..	*12:25 P.M.
" Sacramento and San Francisco	..	*3:40 P.M.
" Knights Landing	..	*8:55 P.M.
" Knights Landing	..	†4:52 P.M.

* Sundays excepted. † Sundays only.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Sup't. T. H. GOODMAN, G. P. & T. A.

may9]

Town and County Matters

STAR (*) NOTICES in the local column will hereafter be charged 10 cents a line for the first, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

JUSTICE'S COURT—WM. MINIS, JUSTICE.—J. D. Jones, Burglary; bound over to answer to the Grand Jury. Wm. Tigart, fighting, guilty; fined five dollars. Fredrick Eimer, fighting, guilty; fined $20. James Simpson, fighting, plead guilty; ordered to appear Tuesday at 10 o'clock for sentence. Ruben Kalbaugh, fighting James Simpson, found guilty; ordered to appear before the Court on Saturday for sentence. Mr. Kalbaugh and Mr. Simpson are old and well known citizens of this place and should have been otherwise occupied on Sunday. Their difficulty, as appears from the evidence elicited on the trial, originated over a game of cards that Major Frank Freeman, our worthy representative to the Legislature, had been engaged in; which demonstrates the utter futility of attempting to enforce the Sunday Law when the Representative who assisted in the passage of the law sets the example of breaking it.

COUNTY COURT—J. A. HUTTON, JUDGE.—On Monday, July 14th, the case of A. McClory vs. S. Gill came up for trial in the County Court. This is a case of long standing and has attracted some notoriety. It grew out of a difficulty about straw, and the litigants seemed to have been "catching at straws." The action was commenced before Justice Oneal, of Davisville, some two years ago, and on change of venue transferred to Justice Thompson's Court, of Woodland, tried and appealed to the County Court, continued from term to term, and finally tried before the Court to-day, when judgment was given for the plaintiff in the sum of fifteen dollars and costs.

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.—Dr. H. D. Harkness, a successful practitioner under this system for over twenty years, has taken up his abode in our beautiful valley town after a residence of many years in the mountains. His card will be found in our columns. The Doctor comes here partly on account of our superior educational advantages which are second to those of no country town on the slope. There are doubtless some in this community who prefer homœopathy to any other system of medical practice, and we cheerfully recommend Dr. Harkness to all who desire the services of a homœopathic physician.

I. O. O. F. INSTALLATION.—The following named officers of Woodland Lodge No. 111, I. O. O. F., were installed on Saturday evening last by D. D. G. M., D. M. Burns: R. B. Mosby, N. G.; A. S. House, V. G.; C. C. Scott, R. S.; B. B. Franklin, P. S.; R. H. Newton, T.; C. F. Briggs, W.; F. M. Hall, Con.; D. A. McKay, O. G.; D. Schindler, I. G.; A. J. Steiner, R. S. N. G.; I. Hafky, L. S. N. G.; Russel Day, R. S. V. G.; J. J. Bowman, L. S. V. G.; Jos. Comfort, R. S. S.; M. H. Torrance, L. S. S.

NEW GROCERY.—Mr. J. I. Eaton, having completed his elegant and substantial new brick building on the corner of Third and Main streets, is stocking it with goods in the line of family groceries. The location is a good one for residents in the east end of town particularly, and will doubtless prove a paying investment to the enterprising proprietor. Mr. Eaton's advertisement appears in another column. We trust this new establishment will meet with abundant success.

PREACHING BY ELDER LOUGHBOROUGH.—There will be preaching in the new church by this popular Seventh Day Adventist preacher as follows: On this (Friday) evening at half-past seven, to-morrow (Saturday) at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M., on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. All are most cordially invited to come and hear these discourses.

ANNIVERSARY BALL.—The Druids of this place have issued posters and invitations announcing their third anniversary ball at Turn-Verein Hall July 31st. Tickets one dollar. We expect to have a good party. Come one, come all. *

PIONEER PLANING MILL.—Our friend Caldwell has purchased the interest of his late partner, W. H. Winne, in this mill, and will hereafter run it as sole proprietor. We hope Mr. C's industry and enterprize will be well rewarded.

BUSINESS CHANGE.—The drug house of E. Bynum & Co. has changed its firm name to that of Bynum & Strong—Dr. A. Strong having purchased the interest of Mr. Bynum's former partners. Success to the new firm.

MISSIONARY CONCERT.—There will be a Missionary Concert given at the M. E. Church in this place on next Sunday Evening, beginning at 8 o'clock. The public are cordially invited to be present.

GERMAN PREACHING.—Rev. Matthias Goethe, of Sacramento, will preach in the German language in Templar's Hall on Sunday next at 11 o'clock A. M. All interested are respectfully invited.

CATHOLIC SERVICES.—Rev. Father Kauffman, of Sacramento, will preach in German in the Court House on Sunday, 20th, at 11 A. M. All Germans are respectfully invited.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.—Our political opponents held their Primaries throughout the county yesterday. Their County Convention takes place on Saturday.

TOWN FULL.—Yesterday Woodland was full of people who came in to see the menagerie and circus. All appeared to be well satisfied with the exhibition.

WHEAT MARKET.—The local market is down in consequence of a drop at Liverpool. Yesterday afternoon the price paid here was $1 45 per cental.

Letter From Capay—Two Fires in the Same Neighborhood.

CAPAY, July 15th, 1873.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—Fires have become so frequent this season that it seems scarcely necessary to tax your readers with any further accounts of the ravages of this destructive element. But when it approaches our very doors with such terrible effects we feel that everybody should know what it is doing in order that more virilant precautionary measures might be adopted to prevent its frequent occurrence. We have in the past few days had two destructive fires in this immediate neighborhood; one the result of carelessness and violation of law, the other probably the work of an incendary. At about eleven o'clock on the night of the 10th instant the store of Levy Brothers, at the mouth of Cache Creek Canyon, was discovered to be on fire at the southwest corner on the outside of the building. The wind was blowing a strong gale from the southwest. On attempting to enter the building from the rear it was found that the fire had burned through the walls in front, and as soon as the door was opened the flames were driven through the building with such rapidity that the clerk, who was awakened by the breaking in of the doors, had barely time to escape in his night clothes. It soon became apparent that nothing could be saved. Then all efforts were directed to saving Lang's Hotel and the barn belonging to and standing in the rear of the store. The wind blew the fire directly towards the hotel, about sixty feet distant. At times it seemed that all efforts to save the hotel would prove unavailing, but by continued and renewed exertions it was saved, though the end next the fire is burned almost to a coal. During the first excitement David Levy, in breaking through a window, severed an artery of his right arm, and so intent was he on saving what he could that he did not discover his injury until others, seeing the profuse hemorrhage, called his attention to it. The wound was dressed by Dr. Davis and is doing well. Although every effort was made, there was nothing saved from the store except the contents of the safe, which passed through the fiery ordeal. The loss is estimated at 12,000, insured for between five and six thousand. The ladies at Lang's displayed a heroism worthy of Joan of Arc, or Semiramis at the siege of Bactra. In addition to the above losses, the Capay Post Office with all its contents was burned.

At about one o'clock on Saturday, the 12th instant, the report of a gun was heard on the lands of Stephens Bros., on the south side of Cache Creek, farmed by G. P. Goodnow. In a little while afterwards a dense smoke was seen ascending, and in a few minutes more thirty or forty men were on the spot and found the barley stubble burning and the wind driving the fire toward the stacks of unthreshed barley, which were soon in flames. Two large stacks were burned, containing probably six hundred bushels of grain. But by almost superhuman efforts the fire was subdued after spreading over 60 acres of heavy stubble.

There is, I believe, a law against gunning on improved lands at this season of the year, and we have accumulating evidence every day of the necessity of a rigid enforcement of it. I think you would do the farmers a great favor by the frequent publication of that statute with its penalties in your valuable paper.

The farmers of this locality are getting well through with threshing, and grain is turning out full as well as they expected. Although they have made no profit on their crops, they seem well satisfied that no other country could produce as much grain under the same circumstances.

On politics we are decidedly liberal, for every candidate that visits this precinct leaves fully satisfied that we are all for him. So you see a People's Party would have no show up here.

More anon. FARMER.

List of Letters.

Remaining in the Postoffice at Woodland, Thursday noon, July 18th:

Anderson, Lewis
Allaman, John
Easty, Harry
Baker, John (5)
Barbary, John
Burgess, J J
Beck, Timothy
Betz, J
Brown, Warren
Brown, F O
Cole, Miss C (2)
Curtis, Wib
Curtis, G S
Dyer, Abe
Danniel, Dora D
Felen, Herbert
Frederick Rhoda
Fleshman, Samuel
Henry, Alex
Harris, Annie
Herron, Sarah N
Hays, David
Johnson, G S
McClelen, Fred
Marders, Maggie
Nickell, James I

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."

T. C. POCKMAN, Postmaster.

WILL CLOSE OUT AT AUCTION.—Henry Aronson will sell all goods unsold the first of August at auction, until all are sold. For amounts under $25 cash down; when over that sum 60 days' time will be given on notes with approved security. Parties who are indebted to the firm of Henry Aronson are requested to come forward and settle their accounts. *

REMOVAL.—Theodore Schumacher has changed his base of operations to the new brick block in front of the College, the second door from the east end, where he is ready to practice the tonsorial art on all who desire his services. The new shop is elegantly furnished with new furniture, hydrant water, large mirrors, etc.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY.—A good many people are coming to Woodland of late to locate permanently. Those who want to purchase a desirable residence are referred to the advertisement of Mr. G. Kaufman, who offers for sale one of the most eligibly located, comfortable and convenient residences in this part of the country.

FIRE.—At half-past twelve o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the hay yard of Dr. Ray, in this place, and the whole of it—about one hundred tons, together with a small barn and sheds, was consumed. The loss must be $1,200 or $1,500.

ALFALFA PASTURE.—I have twenty acres of good alfalfa adjoining Woodland, upon which stock will be pastured on reasonable terms. For particulars inquire of Wm. T. Hunt, Steward County Hospital. *

COUNTY ASSESSMENT.—The total amount of the assessment of property in Yolo County for this year foots up $8,256,270—about $440,000 less than last year.

CHOP HOUSE.—M. Davidson has turned his building, on the corner opposite the Capital Hotel, into a chop house and ice cream saloon.

DON'T FORGET that Philip Phillips sings in Davisville on Monday evening next in aid of the Presbyterian church.

DEMOCRACY AND RADICALISM.—The Democratic party reveres the Constitution as the sole anchor of popular liberty, and the surest conservatory of public prosperity. The Republican party, on the other hand, ignores the axioms established as fundamental by the experience of the past, and disposes of all questions according to the counsels of its own arbitrary will. The moral ideas which were so loudly proclaimed by that organization are now openly repudiated, and lust for power has taken the place of love of principle. And its moral professions have come to be regarded as but the garb of hypocrisy, since so many of its bright lights have been detected in ways that are dark and tricks that are vain.

BORN.

At Swingle's Ranch, near Davisville, July 9th, to the wife of George H. Swingle, a Son.

DIED.

In Buckeye Township, July 9th, 1873, John D. Marvin, a native of New York State, and an old and respected resident of Yolo County, aged 61 years 10 months and 20 days.

The Career of a Great Remedy

Twenty summers have elapsed since it was briefly announced that a new vegetable tonic and alterative, bearing the name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, had been added to the list of preventive and restorative medicines. The modest advertisement which invited attention to the Preparation, stated that it had been used with great success in private practice as a cure for dyspepsia, billious complaints, constipation and intermittent fever. It was soon discovered that the article possessed extraordinary properties. The people, of every class, tested its merits as a tonic, stimulant, corrective and restorative, and found that its effects more than fulfilled their hopes and expectations. From that time to the present its course has been upward and onward, and it stands to-day at the head of all medicines of its class, American or imported, in the magnitude of its sales and its reputation as a safe, agreeable and potent invigorant and restorative. For languor and debility, lack of appetite and gastric disturbances common in the summer months, it is absolutely infallible. Indigestion, billious disorders, constipation, nervousness, periodical fevers, and all the ordinary complaints generated by a vitiated and humid atmosphere, vanish under its renovating and regulating influence. This is its record, avouched by volumes of intelligent testimony, extending over a period of a fifth of a century, and comprehending the names of thousands of well-known citizens belonging to every class and calling. In Europe it is thought a great thing to obtain the patronage of royalty for a "patent medicine," but Hostetter's Bitter. has been spontaneously approved by millions of independent sovereigns, and its patent consists in their endorsement. jy18-1m

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, as an internal remedy, has no equal. In cases of cholera, summer complaints, dyspepsia, dysentery, asthma, it cures in one night, by taking it internally and bathing with it freely. It is the best liniment in America. Its action is like magic, when externally applied to bad sores, burns, scalds and sprains. For the sick headache and toothache, don't fail to try it.

IF YOU HAVE A COUGH or cold, you are carrying with you the seeds of consumption. It should be cured at once. Thousands have already saved themselves with "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which has cured the disease in every stage.

A FACT worth remembering—Five cents' worth of "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders, given to a horse twice a week, will save double that amount in grain, and the horse will be fatter, sleeker, and every way worth more money than though he did not have them.

MARRIED LADIES, under all circumstances, will find "Parson's Purgative Pills" safe; and, in small doses, a mild cathartic. They cause no griping pains or cramp.

FOR THE VERY BEST PHOTOGRAPHS, go to Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery, without stairs ☞ *Ascend in the Elevator*—429 Montgomery St, San Francisco.

GOOD WORDS FOR THE PAIN-KILLER!

We can confidently recommend the Pain-Killer.—*Toronto Baptist.*

It is the most effectual remedy we know of for Aches, Pains, flesh wounds, etc.—*St. Johns News, P.Q.*

We advise that every family should have so effectual and speedy a Pain-Killer.—*Amherst N. S. Gazette.*

Our own experience is that a bottle of Pain-Killer is the best physician a traveler can have.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

For both internal and external application have found it of great value.—*Chris. Era.*

A medicine no family should be without.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Could hardly keep house without it.—*Ed Voice.*

Should be kept in every house in readiness for sudden attacks of sickness.—*Chris. Press.*

No article ever obtained such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

One of the most reliable specifics of the age.—*Old North State.*

Its power is wonderful and unequalled in relieving the most severe pain.—*Burlington Sentinel.*

An indispensable article in the medicine chest.—*N. Y. Examiner.*

It will recommend itself to all who use it.—*Georgia Enterprise.*

Is extensively used and sought after as a really useful medicine.—*Journal, St. John, N.B.*

No medicine has acquired such a reputation; it has real merit.—*Newport Daily News.*

One of the most useful medicines; have used it and dispensed it for the past twenty years.—*Rev. Wm. Ward, Assam.*

The most valuable medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

It is really a valuable medicine, and used by many physicians.—*Boston Traveler.*

We always keep it where we can put our hands on it in the dark, if need be.—*Rev. C. Hibbard, Burmah.*

One of the few articles that are just what they pretend to be.—*Brunswick Telegraph.*

In my mountain travels no medicine is of so universal application as Pain-Killer.—*Rev. M. H. Bixby, Burmah.*

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
186 HIGH ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
111 SYCAMORE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
377 ST. PAUL ST., MONTREAL, CANADA.
17 SOUTHAMPTON ROW, LONDON, ENG.
jy11-1m

Announcement to the Public!

A. J. WELLS, J. SOVEREIGN, C. L. BEACH.

BEACH, SOVEREIGN & COMPANY,
(SUCCESSORS TO ELLIOTT BROS.)

Having leased the building known as "Elliott's Carriage and Wagon Manufactory," will continue the business in all its branches, including

CARRIAGE AND WAGON-MAKING,
BLACKSMITHING,
HORSESHOEING AND GENERAL JOBBING!

The members of this new firm are all old hands at the business, and understand thoroughly every department. MR. SOVEREIGN has been for several years past in the same line at Knight's Landing, and MR. BEACH is well-known as an experienced hand at the business in Woodland, while MR. WELLS is a good mechanic recently from the East.

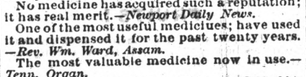
A complete stock of New Materials has been purchased, selected with great care, especially for this market.

We respectfully invite the patronage of the public, warrant all work as represented, and shall charge only reasonable prices.

We are Agents for the Bain Wagons, the World Mower and the Hill Gang Plow, a supply of which will be kept on hand. Call and leave your orders.

BEACH, SOVEREIGN & CO.
WOODLAND, May 1st, 1873. my9-3m

FURNITURE, FURNITURE!



The undersigned having bought out his partner, Mr. Brogan, in the Furniture trade, will carry on the business as usual

At the Old Stand on Main St.,
(OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE)

Where he will keep every description of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

And Sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES!

J. K. SMITH.
WOODLAND, June 5th, 1872. je7-3m

NEW BARBER SHOP!

WOODLAND THE BEST PLACE AFTER ALL!

The undersigned, after an absence of several months, has returned to Woodland and opened a Barber shop in the new building immediately

In Front of the College,
MAIN STREET,

Where he invites his his old friends and the public to call upon him.

I thoroughly understand the Tonsorial Art in all its branches, and respectfully invite a share of the patronage of the people of Woodland and vicinity.

THEODORE SCHUMACKER.
ap25-3m

CORNING'S DOUBLE HORIZONTAL HAY PRESS!

This Press was Patented November 14th, 1871, and is one of the most

Important Inventions

Of the age, since it combines all the qualities of neat and substantial baling, with simplicity of arrangement and

UNLIMITED POWER!

Applied by means of a lever, working horizontally, and pressing any given amount of hay into bales of uniform dimensions. It is claimed for this Press,

First—That it will press nearly twice the amount of hay in the same time allowed any other press.

Second—That the work is equally well done.

Third—That it is less cumbersome, being easily transported from place to place

WITHOUT LOADING OR UNLOADING!

As with the Petaluma and other upright presses, and

Fourth—That it completely does away with all high-pitching and tramping, thereby saving almost one-half of the hard labor attending the use of all other hay presses.

The Trucks upon which these Presses are mounted are similar in size to those commonly used under Grain Separators, and the Press left mounted, when working, (two wheels being removed to admit of working the fever), and drawn from one place to another by the same team used for pressing hay—a pair of horses, mules or oxen doing the same kind and amount of baling. Another desirable feature of this Press is that

No Hard Wood is Needed or Used

In its construction, and all repairs can be made at any blacksmithing or wagon shop in the country, and what is still more desirable this Press can be sold for from

Ten to Twenty per cent. Less

Than the Petaluma, or any other upright Press ever built and offered to the public. A good supply of these Presses is now completed and ready for use. All Presses guaranteed to work as represented. Manufactured by

R. L. BEAMER,
WOODLAND, CAL.
Woodland, May, 1873. my30-3m

EXTRA OFFER.

SECOND ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION.

THE CHROMO "CUTE" ELEGANTLY FRAMED AND A SHARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF 8,730 PREMIUMS AMOUNTING TO $41,000.

GIVEN AWAY

To Every Subscriber to that Popular Weekly,

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND.

Chromos are delivered at once. The distribution will POSITIVELY take place on the TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGUST, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE.

OUR CHROMO "CUTE" is 16x20 inches in size, acknowledged to be the finest and handsomest picture ever given with any paper.

OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND is an eight page illustrated family and story weekly in its third volume, has now over SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS, and rapidly increasing, which insures the success of the present distribution. The Publishers of Our Fireside Friend have sent to its subscribers this year over SEVENTY THOUSAND copies of the chromo "Cute," and are shipping hundreds every day. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, which gives the subscribers FIFTY-TWO numbers of the best Family Weekly, the chromo "CUTE" finely framed, and a numbered CERTIFICATE entitling the holder to one share in the distribution of premiums for 1873. SUBSCRIBE now with the agent or send direct to the Publisher. SPECIMEN COPIES, particulars, etc., sent free.

AGENTS WANTED In every town, at home, or traveling. Large cash pay and liberal premiums for getting up clubs. The best outfit. Send at once for Terms and particulars. Address je13-mh15 WATERS & CO., Pubs., Chicago.

The Strongest Fire Insurance Guild in America!

Combined Assets, $20,000,000
GOLD!
Ann'l Fire Income, $8,500,000.

Associated to do a general Fire Insurance business on the Pacific Coast under

R. H. MACILL, Manager,
205 Sansome St., San Francisco.

Policies issued and renewed direct by

GEO. D. FISKE,
Resident Agent, Woodland.
je13-3m

NEW SPRING STYLES —OF— MILLINERY AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

DRESSMAKING
ACCORDING TO THE LATEST AND MOST APPROVED MODES!

MRS. OGBURN

Having on hand a large assortment of Millinery Goods, desires to inform the public that she is prepared to furnish the LATEST AND BEST STYLES of goods in that line. According to the newest imported fashions, in style and taste to suit the most fastidious. Also,

Dressmaking,

In all its branches, according to the most approved modes.

The patronage of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity is respectfully solicited.

I also have the agency for the

Weed Sewing Machine!

One of the very best and most reliable in use.
jy4-3m MRS. OGBURN.

House and Lot for Sale.

Wishing to leave the State on business, I offer for sale, cheap, my House and Lot in the Town of Woodland.

No objections to taking as part payment a span of good Horses or Mules.

I have also a No. 1 HAY PRESS, New, which I will sell cheap.

R. B. DINSMORE.
Woodland, Cal., May 7th, 1873. my9-1m

AVERILL'S CHEMICAL PAINTS. A full supply of the various shades for sale at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

GEO. LEWALD & Co.,
(Successors to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)
—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
HARDWARE,
OILS, PAINTS AND WALL-PAPER.

Orders received for all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

Agents for

Wood's Self-Raking Reaper!
—AND—
NEW IRON MOWER!

COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Goods Sold at Low Prices and on Reasonable Terms.

☞ MR. KAUFMAN, of the late firm, is always on hand to attend to his old friends and patrons.

WOODLAND, Feb, 20, 1873. my2-3m

We take pleasure in announcing that we have received

AN IMMENSE STOCK
—OF—
SPRING GOODS,

Which we shall offer to the public at rates to

Defy all and every competition.

Special attention is called to our Latest Styles
—OF—
SPRING DRESS GOODS!
The Latest Novelties in
FANCY GOODS!

Our stock in both lines is strikingly large and well selected.

The Most Complete Stock of
STRAW GOODS!

And a great many more articles too numerous to mention.

We have also received an entire new stock of
CLOTHING!
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!
BOOTS AND SHOES!
—AND—
HATS, IN ALL STYLES.

We cordially invite our patrons to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.
Woodland, March 27th, 1873.

W. S. HUSTON. | L. E. HUSTON. | E. T. HUSTON.

NEW BUSINESS FIRM
—AT—
KNIGHT'S LANDING!

Huston Brothers,
SUCCESSORS TO
HUSTON & GOLDMAN,
KNIGHTS LANDING,
YOLO COUNTY,
DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
HARDWARE,
—AND—
ALL KINDS OF
FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

THOMAS & HUNT,
SUCCESSORS TO
F. S. FREEMAN,
CORNER FIRST AND SOUTH STS.,
WOODLAND,
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise
—AND—
GRAIN.

J. L. SIMPSON,
Druggist,
GILBRAITH'S BLOCK,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,
TOILET PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, HAIR OILS, SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A Fine Stock of
School Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Stationery,
Initial Note,
Diaries, Etc.

Also, a Complete Assortment of
GLASS, CIGARS,
TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,
COGNAC BRANDY,
Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.
All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON,
(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street,
je20-tf WOODLAND.

JAMES SIBLEY. W. E. CALLEN.

Removal.

The lease of the

Yolo Planing Mill,

Expired on the 17th instant.

We hereby give notice that we have rebuilt said Mill, and put in a new engine with ample power, and are now setting up new and improved machinery on the corner of Oak Avenue and Railroad street, south of the College, and, as said lease has expired, we are fully prepared to do a general milling business in all its departments.

DOORS, SASH, MOULDING, ETC.,
DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES,
BRACKETS,
Planing,
Scroll Sawing,
Wood Turning.

WINE AND WATER TANKS MADE TO ORDER

General Jobbing, Contracting
—AND—
HOUSE-BUILDING BUSINESS!

All Work Warranted.

Mechanics are invited to give us a call for all kinds of Mill work, Sawing, Planing and Turning.

Thankful for past favors we respectfully ask our old friends the public to give us a call.

WOODLAND, July 8th, 1872.
ap13-3m **SIBLEY & CALLEN.**

IMPROVE YOUR POULTRY.

It Costs no More
TO KEEP
GOOD FOWLS
Than Poor Ones.

Oakland Poultry Yards,
Cor. 16th & Castro sts., Oakland, Cal.

Season of 1873.

EGGS FOR HATCHING from the largest and Best Bred Fowls in the WORLD, carefully packed in Patent Boxes and guaranteed to carry safely any distance.

THE VARIETIES COMPRISE

Dark and Light Brahmas, Buff, Black, White and Partridge Cochins, White Leghorns, Houdans, Silver and Golden Spangled Polish, Black Spanish, Crevecœurs, Rouen and Aylesbury Ducks, Bronze Turkeys, and Sebright and Game Bantams.

Send stamp for Illustrated circular to GEO. B. BAYLEY, importer and breeder of Choice Poultry, P. O. Box 659, San Francisco; also, agent for the *Poultry World*, a monthly illustrated journal, devoted entirely to Poultry; tells how to keep Fowls for *Profit*; a complete repository of information on the subject. Subscription only $1.25 a year. Agents wanted in every town in the State. Address P. O. Box 659, S.F.

☞ Please state in what paper you saw this advertisement. fe15-is6m

COLEMAN'S EUCALYPTUS

Dr. J. S. Coleman's Compound Extract of Eucalyptus, is a preparation combining all the valuable medicinal properties of the Eucalyptus, and is acknowledged by grateful thousands to be the best remedy ever offered to the public for the cure of all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER AND URINARY CANAL, and SEMINAL WEAKNESS, as it seems to have a direct affinity for these organs and their surroundings, and cures them by its alterative, healing and balsamic properties more effectually than any other known remedy.

It is also an invaluable remedy for all diseases of the [illegible] branches such as BRONCHITIS, HACKING COUGH, NAUSEA DURING PREGNANCY, DYSPEPSIA, LEUCORRHŒA, ETC.

This preparation is the result of Dr. Coleman's experiments with the medicinal properties of the tree in the U. S. Marine Hospital in San Francisco, in 1871 and 1872, where he had unusual facilities for testing the various methods of preparing the remedy, and its uses. It can be relied upon as certain to give the promised results, and hundreds of testimonials of its efficacy can be seen at his office, 405 Kearny st., San Francisco.

COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a powerful, yet harmless febrifuge, and is a special preparation for the treatment of the malarious fevers of our interior valleys, and is warranted to cure any case of FEVER AND AGUE treated with it accordingly to directions, while the baneful results of the use of the usual quinine and arsenical remedies for those diseases are entirely avoided.

Beware of imitations, and take none but COLEMAN'S.

For sale everywhere, and by Chas. Langley & Co., Druggists, Agents, San Francisco.
my2-1yis

WM. PRICE. J. BENHAYON. J. LEVISON.

WM. PRICE & CO.,
IMPORTERS
AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Brandies, Wines and Liquors,
No. 4 K street, between Second and Third,
ap18] SACRAMENTO. 3m

L. M. RUE,
Photographic Artist,
Main st. (opposite the College), Woodland.

Having purchased the PALACE GALLERY, I am now prepared to take Photographs, Porcelain Pictures, Ambrotypes and Melainotypes in the most approved style of the art. Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully ask my old friends and others to call and see me at my new rooms, where I will promise to give entire satisfaction in all cases. jy11-3m

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, July 18th, 1873.

Cheap Labor.

A contemporary—the *Alta California*—suggests that it is of little use to try to convince the people that cheap labor is injurious to a country. The people do realize that where labor commands a good price there exists the greatest prosperity. Scarcely an exception to this rule can be found the world over; and low wages of the laborers, on the reverse, marks a low state of civilization. We say intelligent persons, who have studied the subject, realize that those countries where labor is well paid are the most prosperous. Our object, however, in this paragraph, was to give a quotation from the journal mentioned. It says:

"There are those who continually contend for cheap labor, and never cease seizing an opportunity to propound their views. It is of no use to try and convince them that their theory is all wrong; although blown sky-high by arguments and facts and figures, they return to the same round of assertions. "Convinced against their will, they are of the same opinion still." Show them that through all ages and by all history, as well as by experience, that wherever and whenever wages have been highest, the great masses of the people have been most independent, and the happiest, and you are met by the same old worn-out and refuted assertions. England is a good specimen of the effects of cheap labor. That has built up colossal fortunes for the few while the many starve; and the people have begun to appreciate the fact, and the result is that they, the people, are leaving the old country, chiefly for the United States, because wages are comparatively high here, and the people generally independent. Low wages in England for the millions, with high salaries for the few, and similar causes, have given a few thousand all the landed property of the island, and made the toiling millions merely tenants at will, who must almost starve in order not to be ejected for non-payment of rent. London is a fine specimen of huge fortunes for a few, and miserable poverty for the many. On the last day of the third week of last May the number of paupers in London, not counting lunatics in asylums and vagrants, was 104,578. This piling up of huge fortunes at the expense of the many, is having its effect. The English are beginning to do what the Irish have been doing for many years. They are leaving a country in which they are doomed to a pittance and to hopeless toil and poverty."

In England there are difficulties in addition to those mentioned. The laws are such as to give the few an advantage over the many in various ways, and the law of promogeniture tends to aggregate wealth. In the United States the policy is to discourage the accumulation of wealth in the heads of families. In England the rule is that the oldest son obtains the estate; he is made rich, while the rest of the family have to take care of themselves. With English laws, and a privileged class in the United States, the condition of the people would be very different from what it is at present, notwithstanding the price of labor. —*S. F. Call.*

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.—Following is a full list of the subordinate Granges now organized in this State, together with the names of the Masters:

Napa—W. A. Fisher, Master.
West San Joaquin—E. B. Styles.
Stanislaus—J. D. Spencer.
Vacaville—T. Hart Hyatt.
Chico—W. M. Throp.
Merced—H. B. Jolly.
Salida—J. D. Reyburn.
Suisun Valley—R. C. Haile.
San José—Oliver Cottle.
Hollister—J. D. Fowler.
Sacramento—W. S. Manlove.
Yolo—William M. Jackson.
Point of Timber—R. G. Dean.
Bennett Valley—Nelson Carr.
Santa Rosa—G. W. Davis.
Healdsburg—Thomas H. Merry.
Dixon—J. C. Merryfield.
Guenoc—J. M. Hamilton.
Yountville—J. M. Mayfield.
Elmira—F. A. Clark.
Petaluma—L. W. Walker.
Salinas—N. L. Allen.
Cambria, San Luis Obispo—Rufus Rigdon.
Old Creek, San Luis Obispo—I. S. Hood.
Noro, San Luis Obispo—A. S. Mothersead.
San Luis Obispo—W. Jackson.
Turlack, Stanislaus—J. W. A. Wright.
Greyson, San Joaquin—Gardener.
Pescadero, San Mateo— ——
St. Helena—G. B. Crane.
Windsor—A. B. Nally.

CIDER AND PICKLES FOR FEVER.—Some two months ago a resident of Detroit named Broef, was taken ill with some sort of a fever, and for two weeks there was little hope of saving his life. He continued to sink, in spite of all the physicians could do, and they finally gave him up. All through his sickness the man had continually asked for pickles and cider, and when he got so low that his death was considered only a question of a few hours, Mrs. Broef decided to gratify his wishes. A glass of sweet cider was given him and he declared himself much better for it. More was given him through the night, in place of the medicine, and the next morning the physician declared that a most favorable change had taken place. Some strong pickles were procured and given him, and he began to call for gruel and broth. To be brief, he is now able to move about the house and everybody in the neighborhood, as well as the physician, gives the cider and pickles the credit of performing the cure.

CHOLERA MIXTURE.—The following is said to be an absolute specific for the prevention of Asiatic cholera, if taken when looseness of the bowels is first noticed, and is good at any stage of the disease:

Tinct. Opii.
Tinct. Capsici.
Tinct. Rhei co.
Tinct. Menth pip.
Tinct. Campho.

Mix equal parts of each.

In common language, it consists of a mixture of equal parts of tincture of opium, red pepper, rhubarb, peppermint and camphor, and the dose is ten to thirty drops in two or three teaspoonfuls of water.—*Journal of Com.*

REMEDY FOR CHOKING.—A correspondent writing from Mission San Gabriel, in referring to a method which we lately published, for removing an obstruction from a child's nose, by blowing through the mouth, sends the following experience in removing obstructions from the throat: Last fall a child in that neighborhood got a peachstone in her throat, and was fast choking to death, when her mother took her up by heels, held her head downwards, and almost instantly the obstruction dropped out upon the floor.

S.T-1860-X.

PLANTATION BITTERS

THE

CELEBRATED

TONIC

AND

APPETIZER,

IS PURELY A VEGETABLE PREPARATION, composed simply of well-known ROOTS, HERBS and BERRIES, combined with other properties, which in their nature are Cathartic, Aperient, Nutritious, Diuretic, Alterative and Anti-Bilious. The whole is preserved in a sufficient quantity of spirit from the SUGAR CANE to keep them in any climate, which makes the

PLANTATION BITTERS

one of the most desirable Tonics and Cathartics in the world. They are intended strictly as a

Domestic Tonic,

only to be used as a medicine, and always according to directions.

They are the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. They act upon a diseased liver, and stimulate to such a degree, that a healthy action is at once brought about. As a remedy to which Women are especially subject, it is surpassing every other stimulant. As a Spring and Summer Tonic, they have no equal. They are a mild and gentle Purgative as well as Tonic. They Purify the Blood. They are a splendid Appetizer. They make the weak strong. They purify and invigorate. They cure Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Headache. They act as a specific in all species of disorders which undermine the bodily strength and break down the animal spirits.

Depot, 53 Park Place, New York.

LYON'S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESERVES the COLOR, and increases the Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "KATHRO," signifying to *cleanse, purify, regenerate, or restore.* The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the GROWTH and BEAUTY of the HAIR. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates dandruff. It prevents the hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the SAME IN QUANTITY and QUALITY as it was over a QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only 50 Cents per Bottle.

Woman's Glory is Her Hair.

LYON'S KATHAIRON

my9-ly-chwy

LUMBER!

L. B. RUGGLES,

(Successor to Ruggles & Hollingsworth)

DEALER IN

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.,

Railroad St., West of the College,

WOODLAND.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

my23-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

I will weave Carpets for 50 cents per yard for fancy patterns, and 40 cents per yard for plain, and furnish the warp myself; if parties furnish the warp, from 20 to 30 cents per yard.

Flannel wove, cotton warp, 25 cts. per yard. Orders left at Porter's store.

ap18-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

H. C. KIRK & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

Artificial Teeth,

GOLD FOIL, DENTAL STOCK,

&c., &c., &c.,

No. 114 J street, ... SACRAMENTO

jy11-3m

COOS BAY COAL AGENCY.

BERRYMAN & DOYLE,

Dealers in

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH, AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COALS;

ALSO,

PIG IRON!

BULKHEAD—Between Pacific and Jackson no28-ly St. Wharves, San Francisco.

COAL OIL, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

PAINTS AND OILS, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

BLUE STONE—EASTERN, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE

J. C. RUGGLES. E. B. REINDOLLAR.

RUGGLES & REINDOLLAR,

Dealers in all kinds of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Brushes,
Perfumery,

BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

Day or night, by

T. B. REINDOLLAR,

APOTHECARY.

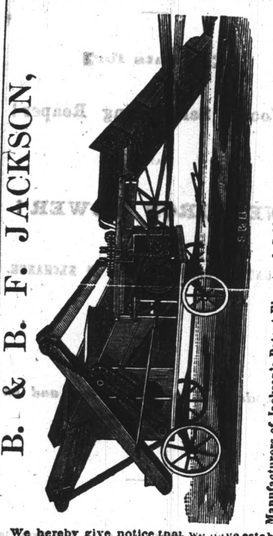
ONE DOOR WEST OF PORTER'S STORE, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE.

ap25-3m Woodland.

New Business!

BYRON JACKSON. B. F. JACKSON.

B. & B. F. JACKSON,



Manufacturers of Jackson's Patent Elevator & Self-Feeder Attachment, Woodland, Cal.

We hereby give notice that we have established a Machine and Blacksmith Shop in connection with SIBLEY & CALLEN'S PLANING MILLS, cor. Railroad street and Oak avenue, where we are manufacturing our

Patent Elevator and Self-Feeder Attachment to Threshing Machines!

We are also prepared to repair all kinds of Agricultural Machinery and Steam Engines. Having had practical experience on the farm with all kinds of implements, and having the best of facilities for manufacturing and repairing the same, we respectfully ask our friends and the public to give us a call.

WOODLAND, May 9th, 1873.

my9-3m B. & B. F. JACKSON.

THE VERY BEST
For Family Sewing & General Work
Unequalled for Manufacturing
Simple, Durable & Elastic Stitch
Indispensable & Convenient in Every Household
AND Efficient Agency at Every Point of the Globe
Possessing Special Important Advantages over all others
GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES
The Elastic Stitch.
Strong, durable and Admired by all.
Either Side is alike, Cannot Rip, Ravel or Break Out.
MACHINES Making one style of stitch, will be exchanged for the other, if the first choice does not suit.
Send for Price List and Sample of Sewing.
R. G. BROWN, Agent.
116 MONTGOMERY ST.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ap25-3m

J. H. BROGAN,

General Undertaker,

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Smith in this branch of the business, may be found at all times at the

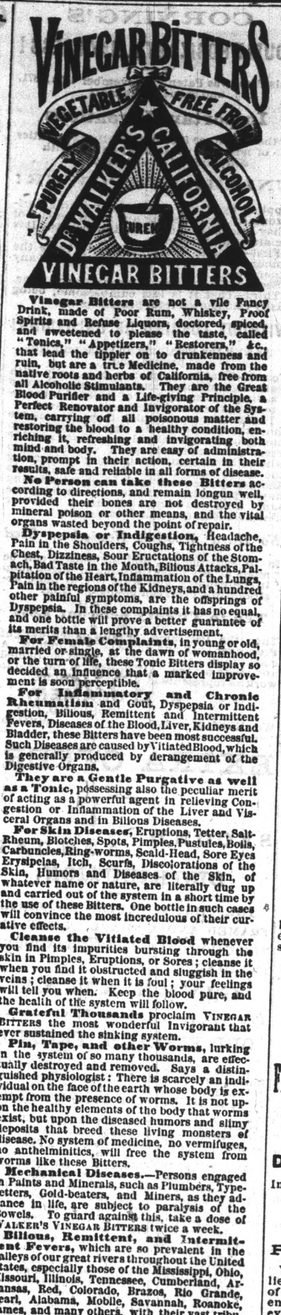
Old Postoffice Building,

Opposite the Store of Geo. Lewald & Co.

Funerals Promptly Attended to, —AND— Satisfaction Guaranteed.

☞ He has the FINEST OF HEARSES.

WOODLAND, June 8th, 1872. J. H. BROGAN. je7-3m



Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain longer well, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual on the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS twice a week.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best safe-guard in cases of eruptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing, and soothing properties protect the humors of the fauces. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Directions.—Take of the Bitters on going to bed at night from a half to one and one-half wine-glassfull. Eat good nourishing food, such as beef-steak, mutton chop, venison, roast beef, and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. They are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and contain no spirit.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS & DEALERS.

se7-comly

FLORENCE.

Special attention is called to the great improvements made recently in this excellent Machine, and to the new and elegant styles of Cases added to our list.

FLORENCE.

For those who prefer a Machine feeding the work away from the operator, we now have one of that description, quiet, easy-running and having all the other peculiar excellencies of the other style.

FLORENCE

Is sure to please. If there is one within a thousand miles of San Francisco not working well, I will attend to it without any expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, Agt,

FLORENCE

Is the only Machine that can sew in more than one direction—having a reversible feed—a great advantage in fastening ends of seams, in quilting, etc.

FLORENCE.

Examine the Florence, or send for Circular and samples of Work before you purchase a Sewing Machine. BUY THE BEST! Machines sold on liberal terms.

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 New Montgomery Street,

Grand Hotel Building, San Francisco.

L. MACHEFERT, Local Agent.

ap25m8

ATLANTIC Lead, Linseed Oil, Paints in quantity, also Paint Brushes, at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

C. E. GRAY. H. B. WOOD

GRAY & WOOD,

(SUCCESSORS TO GRAY & FREEMAN),

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

MACHINERY,

HARDWARE!

Wooden-Ware,

Paints and Oils,

MAIN STREET,

WOODLAND.

We are fully supplied with the Latest Improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which we will sell at

San Francisco Prices!

We would also call attention to our IRON and WOOD-WORKERS' TOOLS, and Stock in Trade, consisting of

Iron, Steel, Coal,
Springs, Axles, Bolts,
Nails, Locks,
Screws, Hinges, etc.

CASTINGS

FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,

IN EVERY STYLE!

Cordage,
Blasting-Powder,
Fuse, Amunition,
Wood and Willow-ware

In great variety

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS, is large and complete, consisting of

Paints,
Oils,
Brushes,
Window-Glass,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

The attention of Farmers, Mechanics and Builders is particularly called to our Stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES!

my9-3m GRAY & WOOD.

Porter & Co.,

Dealers in all kinds of

FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Fruits and Vegetables,

FLOUR AND MEAL,

DAIRY PRODUCE, Etc., Etc.

In the New Brick Building, opposite the College,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

FAMILY SUPPLIES.

We are now fully prepared to supply Families with everything in the line of Provisions of every kind. Our store has been enlarged, enabling us to keep a larger assortment than ever before. We have an unsurpassed stock of

GROCERIES!

To which we ask the attention of this community, believing that it cannot be equalled in Yolo county. A full assortment of

VEGETABLES!

Will be found in our store at all times, and we shall keep fully up to the market in this department of trade.

FRUITS!

Will receive special attention, and choicest qualities be kept on hand, fresh, throughout the season of each variety.

BUTTER AND CHEESE

Are particularly in our line, and purchasers can rely upon getting the best the market affords.

CROCKERY!

Has of late received considerable attention at our hands. We doubt if there is another house in town that does as much in this line. Now on hand a large variety. Call and see.

We shall keep a complete stock of goods in store, and sell at fair prices; therefore we ask a share of patronage from the people of Woodland and vicinity, guaranteeing entire satisfaction to all who favor us with their trade.

PORTER & CO.,

my30-3m Opp. College, Main st., Woodland.

W. H. WINNE. SAM'L CALDWELL.

AT THE OLD STAND,

First Street, - Woodland.

Winne & Caldwell,

PROPRIETORS

PIONEER PLANING MILL!

We hereby notify the public that we have erected a new Mill on the old site, and have put in

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY!

We are prepared to fill all orders and do a general contracting business. We keep none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN!

And guarantee all work. We are prepared to make

Doors,
Sash,
Casings,
Inside Finish,
Brackets, and
Scroll-Sawing.

Mouldings Made to Order.

Store Fronts, Door and Window Frames, Wood Turning.

CONTRACTS TAKEN and JOBBING promptly attended to at San Francisco prices.

☞ We have made arrangements for furnishing Architectural Ornaments of all kinds, at reasonable prices. je13-3m

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, . Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

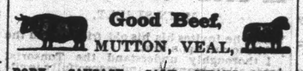
Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. my16m3

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.



Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. jy11-3m

REMOVAL

OF THE

WOODLAND PROVISION STORE

—AND—

FISH MARKET

TO THE NEW BUILDING

Directly west of Templars' Hall, and

Opposite the Old Stand.

J. G. SCHWALM,

Dealer in all kinds of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Respectfully invites the residents of Woodland and vicinity to call at his new quarters, where he is fully prepared to supply their wants with every article of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Of the best quality, and too numerous to mention in an advertisement; also,

Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Pork, Fish—Fresh and Salt,

PRESERVED MEATS

And the choicest Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

☞ *Depot of the National Brewery, of San Francisco.*

FRESH FISH EVERY THURSDAY.

je20-3m

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET, (Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

my2-3m C. D. MORIN.

The standard remedy for COUGHS, INFLUENZA, *Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Bleeding of the Lungs*, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including CONSUMPTION.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY does not dry up a Cough, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs, and allay irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS. Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

se21-1y

FURNITURE STORE

—AND—

Cabinet Shop

South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,

WOODLAND.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE

FURNITURE,

Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES furnished on short notice.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of Furniture neatly and cheaply repaired.

ap18-3m P. KRELLENBERG.

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Seiber, - - Proprietor,

Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.

ap25-3m

NEW PAINT SHOP.

W. S. SPENCE,

HOUSE, SIGN AND CARRIAGE PAINTER,

All kinds of Painting promptly and satisfactorily executed.

Shop in the rear of Dunphey's blacksmith and wagon shop, opposite Exchange Hotel, Woodland. jy11-3m

$50,000.00

To Loan on approved Real Estate security, by

Geo. D. Fiske & Co.,

no16-tf Masonic Block.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS, SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPTHERIA, CATARRH, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

STRONG AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES; SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES THE BODY UNDERGOES, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the virtue of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood, and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins. Price, $1.00.

WORMS.—The only known and sure Remedy for *Worms—Pin, Tape, etc.*

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

BEVERLY, MASS., July 18, 1869.

DR. RADWAY:—I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels. All the Doctors said "there was no help for it." I tried every thing that was recommended; but nothing helped me. I saw your Resolvent, and thought I would try it; but had no faith in it, because I had suffered for twelve years. I took six bottles of the Resolvent, and one box of Radway's Pills, and two bottles of your Ready Relief; and there is not a sign of tumor to be seen or felt, and I feel better, smarter, and happier than I have for twelve years. The worst tumor was in the left side of the bowels, over the groin. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You can publish it if you choose.

HANNAH P. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, an' strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New-York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

se7-1y

THE SALES OF LAST YEAR.

NEW TRIUMPHS!

The Statistics from sworn returns of the Sales of Sewing Machines in 1872 (reported in 1873), show that the

SINGER MANUFACTURING COM'Y

Sold, Last Year, over

45,000 MORE MACHINES

THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY,

And over one quarter of all machines sold during that year. Nine out of ten of said Singer Machines were for FAMILY use—proving the great popularity of the Singer in the household. Annexed are the Sales of the different makers:

Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Co. sold	174,088
Howe Machine Company (estimated)	145,000
Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co'y	52,010
Domestic Sewing Machine Company	49,554
Weed Sewing Machine Company	42,444
Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co'y	33,639
Wilson Sewing Machine Company	22,606
Florence Sewing Machine Company	15,793
B. P. Howe Sewing Machine Company	14,907
Blees Sewing Machine Company	6,053
Keystone Sewing Machine Company	2,985
Bartram & Fanton Manufacturing Co'y	1,000

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

105 KEARNEY ST., San Francisco.

Thos. M. Prior, Agent, Woodland.

mh29-6m

P. S. GLASSCOCK,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

STATIONERY, ETC.,

—ALSO,—

Wholesale Dealer in Pure Liquors.

AGENT FOR THE

Liverpool & London & Globe

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Front St., Knight's Landing.

AGENT FOR THE

SINGER SEWING MACHINE!

jy11-3m

Professional and Amateur Musicians should examine the COMBINATION SOLO STOPS, found only in GEO. WOODS & CO'S ORGANS.

THE ÆOLINE. A most delicate soft or breathing stop.

THE VOX HUMANA. A barritone solo, not a fan or tremolo.

THE PIANO. A beautifully toned piano, which will never require tuning. See advertisement in another column. je13-6m

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. ap4-1y

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL. 6. WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1873. NO. 35.

Love's Reasons.

Why do I love my darling so?
Good faith, my heart, I hardly know,
I have such a store of reasons;
'Twould take me all a summer day—
Nay, saying half that I could say
Would fill the circling seasons.

Because her eyes are softly brown,
My dove, who quietly hath flown
To me as to her haven?
Because her hair is soft, and laid
Madonna-wise in simple braid,
And jetty as the raven?

Because her lips are sweet to touch
Not chill, nor fiery over much,
But softly warm as roses—
Dear lips that chasten while they move,
Lips that a man may dare to love,
Till earthly love-time closes?

Because her hand is soft and white,
Of touch so tender and so light,
That where her slender finger
Doth fall or move, the man to whom
The guards of Eden whispered, "Come!"
Beneath its spell might linger?

Because her heart is woman soft,
So true, so tender, that I oft
Do marvel that a treasure,
So rich, so rare, to me should fall,
Whose sole desert—so small, so small,
Is—loving past all measure?

Because she has such store of moods,
So archly smiles, so staidly broods,
So lovingly caresses;
So that my heart may never tire
Of monotone, or more desire
Than she, my love, possesses?

Ah me! what know or what care I?
Or what hath love to do with "why?"
How simple is the reason!
I love her— for she is my love,
And shall while stars shall shine above,
And season follow season.

—*All the Year Round.*

Men who Face Death—The Policeman.

Don't you go and make any mistake! The pictures in the comic papers, and all the rest of the jokes about policemen may all be very well in their way, and I can laugh myself at a good joke at the expense of the Force, but for all that there is not as much in them as some of the would-be sharp ones make out. Most of 'em are as stale as they well can be, and though for anything I know they may have been to the point some time, they ain't now-a-days, not by a long way. There's a saying about life not being all beer and skittles, and you may take my word for it, that life ain't all cupboard courtship for a policeman. Even if he had the inclination for it, his superiors would take precious good care that he didn't spend his time on duty making love to cooks and feeding in gentleman's kitchens. That may be very well in a pantomine, but it's about as much the real thing as pantomine fish and carrots are; and, whatever people may think, policemen don't always come up just when a fight is over, and it isn't only women and little boys that they collar—I should like to see some of them that talk that way have to tackle some of the customers that we have to do; they'd mighty soon alter their tone I expect. Why, taking it all through, there's few businesses are more risky than a policeman's. In plenty of neighborhoods he goes on duty with his life in his hand. People read and talk about the dangerous classes, but it is the policeman that has to deal with 'em, and it's him as knows *how* dangerous they are. *They* know whether it's women or boys that we collar; they know who lays them by the heels, and they remember it with a vengeance. "Revenge is sweet" is a motto with a good many of them, and when they are loose they will often go a long way to have it on the man that has been the means of caging them—that was how I came by the gash you see on the side of my face here.

I had got a customer two years for stealing lead, and I was one of those that escorted him to the van after he was sentenced, and as we passed along he growls out to me under his breath, "You've scored this chalk, but you may lay any odds that I'll score the next, if I have to die for it."

I could tell that he meant what he said, and I bore it in mind. When he was out again, I kept well on my guard whenever I saw him lurking about; but at length he was too sharp for me.

One rather foggy night I was passing the top of a dark side-street, when hearing a rush, I wheeled round as quickly as I could—but it was too late. I just caught sight of the scoundrel making a hit at me with a bottle tied in a handkerchief, and the next instant I was stretched senseless. I shall carry the marks of the blow to the grave with me, as you may see, and it was pretty nigh carrying me to the grave; I was within an half an inch of death, as you may say, for if it had been half an inch more on the temple it would have been an end of me, as it was, it laid me up for about three months, but beyond marking me, it did me no permanent harm.

When I got on my duty again I said nothing, but made up my mind that there should be a third chalk to the game between me and the fellow that struck the blow. He had bolted as soon as he had done it, and hadn't been heard of since; but for all that I felt quite sure he would turn up in his old lurk again, sooner or later, for his wife and all his companions were there. So I watched and watched, and sure enough at the end of a couple of years I spotted him again. I found out that he had only been back a week when I caught sight of him, and so I didn't try to flutter the nest to soon. I let three months go by, so that he might think he was all right, and then I went in to score my next chalk.

I reported him and half a dozen of us were told to take him. Three went into the house after him, two kept watch in the front, and I took my stand at the back, the way he was likeliest to come if he managed to make a run of it. As it turned out, he did make a run, or at any rate he got a start.

It was a low built house, and before those who went in could get up-stairs he dropped out of the bed-room window, coming down safely on his feet; but before he could take to his heels I was facing him, my right hand holding my staff ready-drawn behind my back, my left hand ready to collar him.

"Oh, it's you, is it?" he grinds out between his teeth, and before I could say a word or move an inch, he had whipped out a large clasp knife. I could see murder in his eye, and so I dashed in at once to seize him; but before I could lay hold of him he had gashed my hand to the bone—and then it was my turn. He was drawing back to make a running stab at me, when, quick as lightening, and with all the strength I could put into it, I swung round my right arm and caught him with the staff full in the face, felling him like a bullock. He was quite senseless, and by the time the others got round I had him quietly handcuffed. When we got him to the station we sent for a doctor to dress the wound, but he wouldn't have it touched, and insisted upon being taken into court next morning with his face all marked; but though he certainly looked horrible enough, he didn't take anything by his move. He was well known, and besides, though I struck with a will, I struck in self-defense, and for life. He had penal servitude, and he didn't live to do his time out.

That is the sort of customer a policeman has sometimes to tackle, and he never knows the day or hour he may have to tackle him. Men as are wanted will generally come quiet enough, when they find they are fairly dropped upon; but still you can never be quite certain of them; if the drink or the evil is in them at the time, they may take it into their heads to show fight, and when they do they're not particular to trifles—the first thing that comes handy they'll use. But, as I said before, it's when they go in for being revenged on you that they are most dangerous. It isn't a case of fighting then; they don't give you the chance to fight; they creep upon you—in the dark for choice—and are up to all sorts of cruel, cowardly ways of taming a man. Many a fine man has been made a cripple for life, in doing or for having done his duty as a policemen, and some have been killed outright.

Then see how a policeman has to go into a row, and take his chance of what may happen from interfering with wild or drunken men with their blood up; again, see how he has to go into a house where "Murder!" is being shouted, and where perhaps the first thing that meets his sight is a man more than half mad, and slashing right and left with a poker. Then there is a being at fires, and being out in all sorts of weather, so that, what with one thing and what with another, a policeman's is both a hard job and a risky one. If there's any one as thinks as it ain't risky, just let 'em ask any policeman's wife as cares for her husband how often she has lain awake, fearing something might happen to him, when he's been on night duty in a bad quarter!

What class of criminals are the most dangerous for a policeman to have to deal with? Well I hardly know; the regulars, the "habitual criminals," as they are called, are much of a muchness. A sneaking thief may turn Turk upon you, while a burglar or garrotter, as you might think likely to show fight, will often let himself be took as quietly as a lamb. The chance cases are often rough ones. A mad-drunk sailor ain't a nice customer to handle, and a mad-drunk soldier—especially when he takes to the belt—is a decidedly nasty one; and sometimes your swindling clerk, or absconding bankrupt, will show his teeth—pull out a pistol, or pick up a decanter or a chair, and talk of knocking your brains out if you lay hands on him; though of course we do lay hands on 'em for all that. If you dash in boldly at them they generally knock under.

Coiners used to be about the worst, but there's not many about now. There is one customer, however, as is more likely than not to make a fight of it before he'll be taken, and as is generally a tough un to fight, and that is the escaped convict. It's generally a desperate hand that does manage to escape, and one that's dreadfully fond of his liberty, and that knows that if he is took again he may bid a long good-by to it. A gentleman of that stamp gave me the stiffest tussle I ever had, and the one I'm proudest of, for I fought him fair, and took him single-handed. When he made his escape he got clean away, and he had sense enough not to hark back to his old London haunts while the search was hot; but about a year afterwards he did venture back, and I accidentally got wind of it.

I knew that there was five pounds for any one who took him, and I had a pretty good idea that the governor of the prison he had broke out of would stand something more; but more than all that, I——Well, I may as well say it: I had not been long in the Force at the time, and I wanted to show that I had something in me; and so, though I could have asked for help, I made up my mind to try to take him by myself. I was twenty-seven at the time, stood five foot eleven, weighed twelve stones—good fighting weight—and, though I say it that shouldn't, the convict, escaped or unescaped, didn't breathe that I feared to tackle single-handed.

It was not of the man himself that I was afraid, though I knew he was a Tartar; what made the job so risky was the danger of being set upon by the whole of the gang to which he belonged, and who always went about together, and would, I know, think nothing of murdering a policeman. I waited a few weeks to see what chance might turn up, and at length one afternoon I heard that the gang had picked up some sailors, and were spreeing with them in a public-house some little distance from their regular lurk; and thinking to myself that I might wait long enough without finding any much better opportunity, I determined to try my luck there and then, and down to this public-house I went.

There was no one then particular in the bar, and so I passed through to the back, and there in a shut-in skittle alley I caught sight of the gang, eight in number, and with three sailors in tow. I felt qualmish, but I knew that it wouldn't do to give way to that feeling, and so seeing my gentleman there in the midst as large as life, I put on my boldest face, bounced into the alley, and shutting the door, placed my back against it. Though the gang was taken by surprise, they acted cleverly enough; they didn't know which of them might be wanted, and not one of them said a word or moved an inch, but I noticed my man picked up a beer-pot and make a pretense of sipping at it, thought I could see easy enough that his real move was to be ready to fling it at my head if it should turn out that he was the man wanted.

I caught his eye, and in an off-handed tone said,

"Oh, you know it's you I've come for, then; but take my advice, don't do anything in the pot-throwing line. It will only make things worse for you, for the house is surrounded, and there are men enough in reserve to take a houseful of you."

"I shall make it death or glory this time," he answered, "and so here goes;" and as he spoke the words he threw the pot as hard as he could, and then made a dash for a window at the end of the alley. The pot just skimmed my ear, and then I was on him like a panther, and dragged him back just as he had got half out of the window. I downed him, and had all but mastered him, when one of the gang, that had popped out as soon as my back was from the door, came running back to tell the others that it was all gammon a-out there being a reserve. This was enough for them. Without another word said, they made a rush towards me; and, though I still held my man, my heart grew cold, and a prayer flashed through my mind, for I felt that I was face to face with death. I knew they'd stick at nothing and that the very same gang had kicked a man to death only a few months before. But I was in luck.

I would have called to the sailors for help but they looked helplessly drunk, and two of 'em was; but the third, as it happened, was only half seas over. He was a big lump of a fellow, a Yankee mate, as I knew afterwards, and about as cool and bold a card as there well could be. As they sprang forward, so did he, and whipping out a revolver, says he, in an aggravated sort of way, "Gentleman, fair play is a jewel, and I like to see it respected—and so I will. They are man to man, and pretty fairly matched, and if the officer can take him, he shall." Whether or not he would have fired at them, they must have believed so, for they slunk back. All the same they had done a good thing for their mate.

While this had been going on I had without knowing it, slackened my hold, and my man, putting out all his strength in a sudden move, threw me off, and got on to his feet, and before I could close with him again, had drawn a life-preserver. He made a dash at me with it, and aimed a crushing blow at my head.

Fortunately it only reached my left shoulder, but even there it was a crippler for the time being, for I felt my arm drop useless at my side. He staggered a bit from partly missing his blow, and before he could recover himself I was along side of him, and he went over like a ninepin, and held up his hands to have the bracelets put on.

It was only about two minutes' job altogether, but it was a mighty tough one, I can tell you, and dangerous one, too; and what I say is, that when people talk about policemen, they should remember that they never know the day or hour when, in the way of duty, they may have to tackle a job in which their life is at stake.—*Cassell's Magazine.*

MARRIAGE UNFASHIONABLE.—Among the better classes marriage is becoming unfashionable. The number of educated businessmen in our cities from twenty to forty who remain single and have no intention to marry is becoming very large. The hotels are full of them, the clubs and boarding houses teem with bachelors. I have a hundred times introduced the subject of matrimony among such people. Their comments are curious, and nearly always in the same vein.

Mr. A. "Not any for me, if you please."

Mr. B. "Of course women are well enough in their way, but then I shall never bind myself."

Mr. C. "Yes, I should look jolly with a wife and half a dozen babies, shouldn't I? Of course I admire women hugely, especially those blondes in the 'Black Crook!' but then I ain't quite a fool. No, gentlemen, I sha'n't hitch a tail to my kite yet a while. When I'm played out, and want hot flannels on my joints, then perhaps I'll sail in, but for the present I'll paddle my own canoe."

Mr. D. "Why, yes, if the old cove would come down with the stamps, I wouldn't mind; but then I wouldn't go in for less than a cool hundred thousand. The old madam can't get her off on to me with any of your thirty or forty thousand. You see it won't go down. Can't catch me with any of your small bait."

Mr. E. "Oh, of course I know it; she's a stunner, but then old Moneybags can't expect to work off his girls without showing his hand. A fellow can't leap into the dark. If the old skeesicks wants to get rid of 'em, he must plank down the shiners."

Mr. F. "Well, boys, it's no use talking; the sort of life we are leading is that of savages. What does it all amount to? My idea is a little cottage with a little wife, and I would have one if I were not afraid. The fact is they are all sick, and the doctor's bills are more than all the rest of it. Now, if I could get a wife with such health as my grandmother had, I would go in to-morrow; but these wasp-waisted concerns, why, they haven't room enough for their blood-vessels, saying nothing of their liver and stomach and a good dinner. No boys, the kind of life we are leading is not a bit to my taste, but then the other thing—well, I'll have to think of it. Of course I know that a body only, no matter how healthy and beautiful, fails to make a women. The best part of a woman is her beautiful loving soul, and I should be sorry not to think that heaven will be full of them, but in *this* world health and strength are indispensable."—*To-day.*

CLERICAL FUN.—In the newly published volume of Monographs of Lord Houghton, there is, in one of Sydney Smith, the following story of his clerical fun in Yorkshire:

He willingly assisted his neighbors in their clerical duties, and an anecdote of one of these occasions is still current in the district, for the authenticity of which I will not vouch, but which seems to me good enough to be true. He dined with the incumbent on the preceding Saturday, and the evening passed in great hilarity; the squire, by name Kershaw, being conspicuous for his loud enjoyment of the stranger's jokes.

"I am very glad that I have amused you," said Mr. Sydney Smith, at parting, "but you must not laugh at my sermon to-morrow."

"I should hope I know the difference between being here and at church," remarked that gentleman, with some sharpness.

"I am not so sure of that," replied the visitor.

"I'll bet you a guinea on it."

"Take you," said the divine.

The preacher ascended the steps of the pulpit apparently suffering from a severe cold, with his handkerchief to his face, and at once *sneezed* out the name "Ker-shaw" in various intonations. This ingenious assumption of the readiness with which a man would recognize his own name, in sounds imperceptible to the ears of others, proved accurate.

The poor gentleman burst into a guffaw, to the scandal of the congregation; and the minister, after looking at him with stern reproach, proceeded with his discourse, and won the bet.

George Eliot.

The story of Marian Evans' life has been variously told. Perhaps this is the most authentic version of what has never been authoritatively told by the actors in it; Mr. Lewes, the distinguished and clever biographer of Goethe, and a well-known author of philosophical works, had been unfortunate in his marriage relations; so, too, had Mrs. Lewes; they were a most ill-assorted pair, and she shook off the bond which galled her, and became unfaithful to her marriage vow. But Mr. Lewes himself was equally guilty of infidelity to his wife, and the laws of England does this equal justice to man and woman, viz., it absolves neither from a marriage bond on account of the infidelity of the other, unless the one who asks freedom can claim to have been faithful to his or her own vow. The marriage tie between this disloyal husband and wife was broken in fact but not in law. They had long lived separate lives when Mr. Lewes met and learned to love Miss Evans.

Miss Evans was a woman of singularly unattractive person. No photograph of her is to be found anywhere, and she shrinks from contact with strangers, for she is painfully conscious of her own lack of personal charms. It was her mind and heart which won Mr. Lewes' love, and the nobility and purity of this most pure spirit lifted that love into a reverence he had never before felt for woman. His love was returned, and the question of their future was discussed by these loving friends, and friendly lovers. They asked the advice and counsel of the wisest and best of their friends in this emergency, and at last, after much thought and discussion, it was decided by themselves and counselors that this being an exceptional case it must be dealt with in an exceptional manner. A legal marriage between them was impossible, but since the affection which united them was no youthful passion, but the stable bond of a love founded on mutual congeniality and respect, they would be justified in uniting their lives outside of the law if they were strong enough to bear the social consequences which must naturally follow from the infraction of the law. This they resolved to do, and from that time they have lived happily, contentedly and hopefully together. All their best friends approve of their course, and no truer wife to her husband, no more tender mother to his children, for she has has none of her own, is to be found in all England than this brave and true woman.

Of course, in a society so rigid as that of England in the outward observance of the moralities—though it is whispered that, under a decorous regard for the conventionalities, plenty of indecorous acts are committed and winked at—such a course as that of Mr. and Mrs. Lewes puts them outside of general social recognition. Mrs. Lewes never visits the houses of other people; she receives only her special friends at her own. Since she has achieved fame, she might be received by many ladies who, before this, would have refused her *entree* to their homes, but she neither desires nor will she accept their proffered recognition. She did not overstep the conventional laws of society without due consideration; she knew the price she must pay for a happy home and a satisfied heart, and she is content to pay it, nor does she find it too high. It was a perilous experiment, and one that no woman, unless she be as strong, as brave, and as pure, and as sure of holding her lover, as Miss Evans, would do well to repeat.

Though "Adam Bede" was the first work which brought Mrs. Lewes prominently into notice as a writer, it was by no means her first effort. Very few people, like the Baroness Tautpheus, achieve fame as an author without serving a previous apprenticeship at literature. "The Initials" which made the name of the English wife of the German baron a household word in two continents, was actually the very first attempt the author made at writing. She was devoted to painting, but the oils and colors she used, being pronounced in part accountable for her failing health, were taken from her by the physician's order, and she was literally driven to her pen to fill up her idle and heavily-hanging hours. Nothing is more wonderful in the history of literature than the brilliant novel which this mere tyro in art produced.

But Mrs. Lewes had no such experience of rapid success in the path which she entered upon. She herself tells us that she had for years been an untiring and diligent worker, translating, writing essays and stories, which brought her no reward in fame, and but small compensation in money. "Adam Bede" first made her famous, and her subsequent novels, "The Mill on the Floss," "Silas Marner," "Felix Holt," "Romola," and "Middlemarch," have steadily augmented her reputation. Each has its troop of admirers, who consider it her best work. Mr. Greeley regarded "Silas Marner" as her finest effort, but we think few would be found to agree with him.—*Portland Transcript.*

BROADCLOTH AN ENEMY OF HEALTH.—Professor Hamilton, in an able address on hygiene to the graduates of the Buffalo medical college, denounces broadcloth as an enemy to exercise, and therefore to health.

"American gentlemen have adopted, as a national costume, broadcloth—a thin, tight-fitting black suit of broadcloth. To foreigners we seem always to be in mourning; we travel in black. The priest, the lawyer, the doctor, the literary man, the mechanic, and even the day-laborer, choose always the same black broadcloth—a style that never ought to have been adopted out of the drawing-room or the pulpit, because it is a feeble and expensive fabric, because it is at the North no protection against the cold, nor is it any more suitable at the South. It is too thin to be warm in winter, and too black to be cool in summer; but especially do we object to it because the wearer is always soiling it by exposure. Young gentlemen will not play ball, pitch quoits, or wrestle or tumble, or any other similar thing, lest their broadcloth should be offended. They will not go out into the storm because the broadcloth will lose its lustre if rain falls upon it; they will not run because they have no confidence in the strength of their broadcloth; they dare not mount a horse or leap a fence, because broadcloth, as every body knows, is so faithless. So these young men and these older men, these merchants, mechanics and all, learn to walk, talk and think soberly and carefully; they seldom venture even to laugh to the full extent of their sides."

Scottish Hospitality Sixty Years Ago.

—In those days Scotland would have been a rich field for Father Matthew's labors. Habits of drunkenness were common alike to rich and poor. They were associated with good fellowship, and were tenderly dealt with, even by the Church. The orgies of Osbaldistone Hall, graphically described in "Rob Roy," found their counterpart in many a Scottish manor. The old bacchanalian rhyme

"He who goes to bed, goes to bed sober,
Falls as the leaves do and dies in October:
But he that goes to bed, goes to bed mellow,
Lives a long, jolly life and dies an honest fellow."

was quoted, half in earnest, as apology for the excesses which wealthy and respectable hosts, under the guise of hospitality, literally forced upon their guests, when the cloth was drawn and the ladies had abandoned the dinner-table to their riotous lords and masters.

I have heard my father, more than once, relate what happened on such an occasion, when he was one of the actors. He had been dining with a party of eight or ten gentlemen and a few ladies at the luxurious country-seat of a friend, who had shown him much kindness. When the ladies withdrew, the host, having caused the butler to set out on the table two dozen bottles of port, sherry, and claret, locked the door, put the key in his pocket, and said to his guests, "Gentleman, no shirking to-night! Not a man leaves this room till these bottles are emptied."

No remark was made in reply, and the wine passed round. My father drank three glasses, and the utmost limit to which I have ever known him to go, though he habitually took a glass or two of sherry after dinner. At the fourth round he passed the bottles without filling. His host remonstrated—at first in jest, then in a half-angry tone—when the recusant persisted. Thereupon my father, approaching a front window, which opened on the lawn, only a few feet below it, threw up the sash and leaped out, followed by three or four other guests.

This enraged their host. As the fugitives looked back, they saw him upset the dinner-table with a violent kick, smashing bottles and glasses, and declaring with an oath, that if they didn't choose to drink that wine nobody else should.

The deserters joined the ladies in the drawing-room; but the host did not reappear, and my father, as leading conspirator, lost and never regained his friendship.—*Robert Dale Owen's Autobiography, in "Atlantic Monthly."*

THE STUDENT'S TRICK.—A young man of eighteen or twenty, a student in a university, took a walk one day with a professor, who was commonly called the students' friend, such was his kindness to the young men whom it was his office to instruct. While they were walking together and the professor was seeking to lead the conversation to grave subjects, they saw a pair of old shoes lying in their path, which they supposed belonged to a poor man who was at work close by, and who had nearly finished his day's work.

The young student turned to the professor, saying, "Let us play the man a trick; we will hide his shoes and conceal ourselves behind those bushes, and watch to see his perplexity when he can not find them."

"My dear friend," answered the professor, "we must never amuse ourselves at the expense of the poor. But you are rich, and you may give yourself a much greater pleasure. Put a dollar into each shoe, and then we will hide ourselves."

The student did so, and then placed himself with the professor behind the bushes close by, through which they could easily watch the laborer, and see whatever wonder or joy he might express.

The poor man soon finished his work, and came across the field to the path, where he had left his coat and shoes. While he put on the coat he slipped one foot into one of his shoes; but feeling something hard, he stooped down and found the dollar. Astonishment and wonder were seen upon his countenance; he gazed upon the dollar, turned around, and looked again, and again; then he looked around him on all sides, but could see no one. Now he put the money in his pocket, and proceeded to put on the other shoe, but how great was his astonishment when he found the other dollar! His feelings overcame him; he fell upon his knees, looked up to heaven and uttered aloud a fervent thanksgiving, in which he spoke of his wife, sick and helpless, and his children without bread, whom this timely bounty, from some unknown hand, would save from perishing. The young man stood there deeply affected and tears filled his eyes.

"Now," said the professor, "are you not much better pleased than if you had played your intended trick?"

"O, dearest sir," answered the youth, "you have taught me a lesson now that I will never forget. I feel now the truth of the words which I never before understood: 'It is better to give than to receive.'"

FRAGMENTS OF TIME.—In order to achieve some good work which you have much at heart, you may not be able to secure an entire week, or even an uninterrupted day. But try what you can make of the broken fragments of time. Clean up its golden dust—those raspings and parings of precious duration—those leavings of the days and remnants of the hours, which may soon sweep out into the waste of existence. And thus, if you be a miser of moments—if you be frugal, and hoard up odd minutes and half-hours, and unexpected holidays—your gleanings may eke out a long and useful life, and you may die at last, richer in existence than multitudes whose time is all their own. That which some men waste in superfluous slumber, and idle visits, and desultory application, were it all redeemed, would give them wealth of leisure, and enable them to execute undertakings for which they deem a less worried life than theirs essential. When a person says, "I have no time to pray, no time to read the Bible, no time to improve my mind, or to do a kind turn to a neighbor," he may be saying what he thinks, but he should not think what he says; for if he has not got the time already, he may get it by redeeming it.—*Hamilton.*

It is said that if Maud Muller had her life to live over again, and should meet the judge in this year of grace 1873, she would sue him for breach of promise and obtain sufficient damages to make her family happy, or else shoot him, become a lecturer, and die rich and respected by all.

ANECDOTES.

A PITHY STORY.—Mr. Elijah Patrick is a gentleman from the backwoods of Eastern Kentucky, whose business it is to supply druggists with herbs used in medicines. Some eight years ago, while making his rounds among his customers in this city, he went to the store of Messrs. W. S. Merrell & Co., wholesale druggists, and was given by the younger member of the firm orders for different roots, barks, etc. They had a printed list, and as they came to the needed article the word was checked off, such as "Tansy, three pounds;" "Cammomile flowers, five pounds;" "Pennyroyal, six pounds;" and so on. When they got down to "Sassafras pith," Mr. Merrell who was eight years younger, said (according to Mr. Patrick's statement), "Get as much of that as you can find."

Sassafras pith is the spongy matter found inside the stems of the American plant *sassafras madulia*. It is used, when soaked in water, as a wash for diseased eyes, and as a drink in dysentery, catarrh, etc. An eighth of an ounce to a pint of boiling water will make a wash the thickness of weak mucilage. The article has heretofore come almost entirely from down South, and it was generally believed that it grew nowhere else in the country. It was high priced, the wholesale rate being at that time over three dollars a pound. Mr. Patrick, understanding that he was to get as much sassafras pith as he could find, pocketed the list and went home. He at once hired about two hundred men, women and children, and set them to picking sassafras stems and stripping them of the bark. When he had got a large pile he wrote on to Messrs. Merrell to send him two hundred bags. They denied ever getting this letter. He went on picking until a large part of Eastern Kentucky was cleared of the plant. He then hired boats, and loaded two of them with pith. Enough was left to half fill a third boat. One day the druggists on Third street were astounded with the announcement that there are lying in the river three boats laden with sassafras pith, subject to their order, and in a day or two in walked Mr. Elijah Patrick with his little bill of $5,901. As might be supposed, there was a scene. Messrs. Merrell & Co. hadn't room in their whole building wherein to store it. It has been calculated that at the rate of a drachm to a case of dysentery or catarrh, there was more than enough for the whole of the United States. Flatly, Messrs. Merrell refused to pay for it, when Mr. Patrick walked to Judge Hanover's office and engaged him to bring suit. The case came up in the Superior Court, and Patrick lost. He continued proceedings, and the case was tried six times. Meanwhile the pith had a hard time of it. Piled up in stacks, it grew mouldy and rotted. The rats got at it. Twice the warehouse burned down. The first time half of the heap was turned to ashes, and the second time the other half went up.

Never was a case that looked clearer to outsiders than Patrick's claim, but never did anything so bother the judges as did that mountain of sassafras pith. Toward the last, fresh proof involving Messrs. Merrell was brought forward, and it began to look as though the druggists would get the worst of the suit. Judge Taft, who had been down to look at the pith, was mightily puzzled, and finally declared that he could not decide the case, and it must go to jury. Mr. Patrick here grew discouraged. He had pushed the thing through the courts for seven years, and just when he could almost hear the judgment in his favor, it was proposed to begin all over fresh, and, in the end, depend upon the verdict of a jury. "Why," said he, as he mournfully listened to the proposition of a compromise, "yer kin better tell aforehand where lightin's going to strike as to tell what decision them fellers would come to." So he concluded that he had had enough of law, and agreed with Messrs. Merrell to call the whole matter square for a thousand dollars.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Judge L——. of Lafayette, Ind., not only dispenseth justice with an even hand, but at times indulgeth in the jocose. During the progress of a certain trial involving the ownership of a calf, it became important that the jury, in order to arrive at a just conclusion, should be sent to view for themselves the chattel in dispute. The plaintiff who had the animal in charge lived some two miles from the court house, and one of the elderly jurymen demurred to the idea of being sent so far. The judge, in his usual full voice replied, "Gentlemen, I anticipated this objection, and had the calf brought to the court yard. I thought it less trouble to bring in *one* calf than to send out *twelve*." The jury emerged into the open air, and in the presence of the calf deliberated.

CHEATING THE MAILS.—*Temple Bar* says: In the days of heavy postage no one had the slightest scruple in cheating the revenue. Persons leaving home, whether for inland or foreign travel, were importuned by friends to carry letters for them to other friends. An idea prevailed that if the letters were carried "open," that is, unsealed, there was no infraction of the law, and that consequently no penalty could be exacted. This was a popular error. The law, moreover, was evaded in another way. A newspaper was sent by post in an envelope; inside the latter, a long epistle was often written in invisible ink, generally milk. When this was dry, the writing could not be seen. By holding the paper to the fire the writing came out in a sepia color, and the law was broken. In place of writing in milk on covers of newspapers, they make slight dots, in ordinary ink, under such printed letters as suited their purpose for conveying intelligence. This was troublesome for both sender and receiver, and it was therefore used only for brief messages. The postal tax pressed most heavily on the poor, but the ingenious poor found means to evade it. For instance, a son or daughter in town dispatched a letter to parents in the country who were too poor to pay the postage. The parents declined to take such letter in, which they had a legal right to do. Returned to the general post office, the letter, on being opened, was found to be a blank sheet of paper. The fact is, that parents and children had agreed to send these blank sheets as indications that all was well with the sender; the receiver got that much of news, and had nothing to pay for it. The letter was never taken in unless a peculiar mark was on the cover, which intimated that it contained something of importance.

HOUSEHOLD.

COLD BATHING.—Just now I am sorry to see that there is a reaction against daily cold bathing. A medical man of my acquaintance cautions his patients against too frequent bathing, for fear the oil may be removed from the skin. He tells them that twice a month during the winter, and twice a week during the summer are quite enough for anybody. A well-known writer has recently cautioned the world against the removal of the skin oil by too frequent bathing.

This is an entire misapprehension. In hydropathic establishments the patients are sometimes bathed three or four times a day, yet never lose the oil of the skin in consequence. Pugilists, in preparing for the prize ring, are bathed two or three times a day, and rubbed with rough towels by the strongest arms. Heenan was bathed three or four times a day, and was rubbed by McDonald and Cusick with all the power of their strong arms, fifteen minutes at a time, and with the roughest towels and brushes, and yet the account says that when he appeared in the ring his skin was as beautiful as a baby's.

If *cold* water were used without soap, a bath every hour, with the hardest friction, would only increase the secretion of oils.

A more frequent objection—one urged by the patients themselves—is, that they can't get up a reaction. A lady said to me one morning, "I have tried this cold bathing, but it always gives me a headache; besides, I can't get warm for an hour."

Many others have made the same objection. Now, this is all because you don't manage right. If you will manage as follows, the want of reaction and consequent congestion of the head and chest will never occur again. Purchase a bathing-mat, or make one by sewing into the edge of a large piece of rubber-cloth a half-inch rope; on rising in the morning spring into the middle of it, and with an old rough towel folded eight or ten inches square, apply the water as fast as your hands can fly; then with rough towels rub as hard as you can bear on until the skin is as red as a boiled lobster. This will take one minute, and leave you in a delightful glow.

I have never met any one who, taking the bath in this rapid and vigorous way, was not satisfied with it.—*To-day.*

SPONGE-CAKE PUDDING.—Melt some butter, and grease very well with it the inside of a fluted cake-mould, using for the purpose a feather or brush. Then glaze the mould with powdered white sugar—that is to say, shake it about until the part greased is equally covered with the sugar, and looks white. Stone some raisins, and have ready a few currants, washed and picked. Place them according to fancy in the curvings of the mould. Take some sponge-cake, stale will do, and cut it up small, filling the mould with it, as you do so mixing lightly throughout currants and raisins rubbed in flour to prevent their falling. Beat up four eggs, the whites separately from the yolks, add four table-spoonfuls of sugar, one to each egg, and then pour gradually to them until well combined three half pints of cold new milk, which quantity should be enough to fill the mould. Set your pudding in a pan containing enough water to come a little more than half-way up the sides of the mould. Just as the water begins to boil see that the oven is so moderately heated as to insure the slow baking of the custard, else it might turn to whey. Do not let the pudding brown or burn; it should be done in about a quarter of an hour after the water has boiled around it. Sauce make thus: Four yolks of eggs beaten up with four table-spoonfuls of sugar, poured to a pint of milk allowed first to come to a boil. Return to the fire for about five minutes, stirring rapidly. Flavor with what you please; rose-water is good. Turn out the pudding in a pretty dessert dish; pour the sauce around it, and the work is done. The above recipe is especially adapted to meet the wants of small families, upon whose hands cake is apt to accumulate and turn out stale. An elegant and economical dish is thus prepared out of materials that would otherwise be wasted.

LEMON SYRUP.—I send a recipe for a delicious and healthy summer drink. Four pounds of granulated sugar and two quarts of cold water, set it on the stove and stir till dissolved. Give one good boil and skim, take off the fire and stir in one ounce of tartaric acid. When perfectly cool flavor with essence of lemon. Clarify the sugar with the well beaten white of an egg put in when you put in the cold water. To use, put a table-spoonful into a goblet and fill with cold water.

MY SISTER'S CAKE.—One cupful of sugar; one-half cupful of warm water, with butter the size of a small egg, melted in it; one-half teaspoonful of soda; spice to taste; flour enough to mix hard; put in while very warm; stir well, and bake in a hot oven.

TO MAKE BOOTS WATER-PROOF.—Warm a little beeswax and mutton suet, and while it is liquid rub some of it slightly over the edges of the holes where the stitches are.

FADED HAIR.—I have used the following recipe, and consider it perfect: Six ounces of castor oil, two ounces of alcohol. Flavor with a few drops each, of musk, lavender, and bergamot.

AN EXPENSIVE FUNERAL.—The Maharajah of Jondhpore, an Indian prince, has recently died, and been buried according to the custom of his race. The remains were arrayed in royal robes and adorned with gold and jewels valued at $75,000. Two elephants walked in front of the funeral procession, laden with gold and silver coins to the amount of $62,500. At intervals of a hundred paces a portion of the coins were scattered among the spectators, who scrambled for the prize. The body, shawls and jewelry were all thrown together upon the burning pile. Since the death of the prince five thousand Brahmins have daily received food and a rupee each at the palace gates. The inhabitants of the province, as an expression of grief, have shaved off their beards, moustaches and the hair of their heads. The rajah left behind him the usual number of wives and concubines. Many of them were extremely anxious to be burned with their late lord; some from real grief at his loss, and others because it was the fashion of the country. But this act of devotion or conventionalism was not permitted by the authorities, greatly to the disgust of the widows.

[From the Commercial Herald.]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

Wheat of the new crop arrives sparingly, and buyers both in city and country find difficulty in procuring needed supplies. The truth is, that farmers for the most part are too actively employed harvesting to give attention to marketing their grain, and are therefore disinclined to sell at current rates any greater quantity than is needful to supply pressing financial wants. Since the beginning of the current harvest year, July 1st (inst.), three or more ships have been loaded with Wheat for the United Kingdom, the same consisting of old and new grain, and there is quite a number of ships now in the harbor waiting like cargoes, but high freights and a falling market in Liverpool do not act as stimulants to their early dispatch. The Sacramento *Bee*, of the 7th inst., says: "We see no reason as yet to change the opinion expressed a week ago, to the effect that the harvest now being gathered will prove nearly or quite as great in the aggregate as that of last year. We have notable illustrations of the benefits derived by cereal crops from irrigation. In San Joaquin Valley, this year, Miller & Lux managed to irrigate a few hundred acres of their wheat lands. The result may be thus stated: While surrounding and contiguous lands of like quantity planted with grain only yield five or eight bushels to the acre, and in many instances only sufficient for a light hay crop or poor pasturage, the irrigated lands will turn out from twenty-five to forty bushels of good grain to the acre. And here a brief allusion to the ranch of Miller & Lux: It contains more acres than we have time to count. Last year sixty-five miles of board fence, five boards high, were constructed around its exterior boundaries, while several miles of cross fences were also erected, and forty miles of canaling for irrigation were completed. Scattered over this little farm are several thousand acres of grain and other crops, barns, storehouses, etc., and herds of cattle and antelopes. Upward of two hundred men are constantly employed in keeping the concern in order."

The exports by sea for the past week have been as follows: Arizona for New York via Panama carried 3,487 galls California Brandy, 700 bbls Flour, 138 rolls Leather, 30 tons Lead Ore, 65 tons Pig Lead, 14,325 galls and 284 cs California Wine, 22,879 lbs Domestic Wool, etc., valued at $55,417. Carrollton for Liverpool had 2,929 ft Redwood Lumber, 2,000 cs Salmon, 44,271 ctls Wheat, valued at $94,942. Atlantic for Liverpool carried 31,507 ctls Wheat, valued at $82,000. Star of Brunswick for Queenstown had 46,370 ctls Wheat, valued at $96,771. Arizona for Liverpool via Panama had 536 cs Borax, 104 tons Silver Ore, 3,350 cs Salmon, valued at $56,310. Cyphrenes for Hongkong carried 4,740 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $29,720. Arizona for Panama had 386 bbls Flour, 19,000 ft Lumber, 295 sks Potatoes, 24,585 lbs Rice, etc., valued at $9,541; same for Mexican Ports had 12,000 ft Lumber, 200 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $11,034. Crusader for Molendo (Peru) carried 17,526 Railroad Ties, valued at $8,375. Legal Tender for Melbourne via Humboldt had 200,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $5,150. Laura M. Mangam for La Paz had 100 bbls Flour, 20 flasks Quicksilver, 7,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $6 542. Prince Alfred for Victoria carried 324 ctls Barley, 100 bbls Flour, 4,640 lbs Tea, etc., valued at $11,032.

FLOUR—The statement has been made in an influential evening paper, that during the harvest year of 1873-4, "over 1,500 bbls Flour had been sent hence to New York by rail," clearly intimating that that is all of the crop that was sent East. The statement is entirely fallacious. Had the announcement been made that 15,000 bbls Flour had gone East by Pacific railway, it would have been nearer the truth; yet the aggregate is even greater than that. The Buckeye and Marysville Mills alone have sent many thousands of bbls, while Sperry of Stockton, and Smith of Sacramento, to say nothing of other interior mills, have long been shipping overland to Montana and farther East, where they have generally found an appreciative market. It is unfortunate that we have not full and reliable statistics of this Flour movement eastward by rail; yet it is a well known fact that the Marysville Mills have for months past been shipping largely eastward, and with satisfactory results. The steamship Ajax arrived from Portland on the 5th inst., bringing 1,820 half and 1,535 qr sks Oregon Flour. The opposition steamer Cyphrenes, July 3d, for Hongkong, carried as before intimated 18,960 qr sks Superfine. The steamship Arizona carried via Panama 1,200 hf sks Extra for New York, besides 1,800 bbls to other ports. The steamship Galley of Lorne, in Macondray's line, is now taking on board a few thousand bbls Superfine for Hongkong. Our stock of Flour is now greatly reduced, and it is to be hoped that our local mills will, during the harvest year just entered upon, find a more profitable yield and a greater export demand for their superior products than they have realized in the past. We now quote Superfine, $4@4 25; Extra Superfine, $4 50@4 75; Extra Family and Bakers' Extra, $5@5 25 ₱ 196 lbs. Best silk-dressed Flour is jobbing at $5 50.

WHEAT—As yet the receipts of new crop are light, while there is an active milling demand for old of choice quality, the stock of which throughout the State has of late been rapidly reduced by shipments abroad. Of this description sales for July here and at Stockton approximate the following: 500 tons prime old at Stockton, $1 65; 2,500 tons new crop in the interior, $1 50; 2,500 tons new to arrive at $1 62½@1 65, delivered; 600 tons old for milling in lots at $1 70@1 72½@1 75. At the close, the range of price for old and new, $1 60@1 75 ₱ cental. Liverpool quotations, 11s 6d@11s 9d, and for club, 12s 2d@12 4d.

BARLEY—We note a single purchase of 5,000 sks choice new crop for export to Peru, private, but understood to be at or about $1 15 ₱ ctl. Outside of this sale there is very little of interest to remark; business slack. Aggregate sales for the week, exclusive of above, in lots, 5,000 sks old and new at $1 12½@1 15 for Feed, and for Brewing $1 20@1 25 ₱ ctl.

OATS—The stock is running light. The Ajax, from Oregon, brought only 1,604 sks. Sales in lots at $1 75@1 90 ₱ ctl.

CORN—A small sale of 300 bags White reported at $1 37½; 1,000 sks Yellow in lots at $1 25@1 27½ ₱ ctl.

HAY—This year's crop is large and of good quality. We note small cargo sales daily within the range of $12@14 ₱ ton.

RYE—Is in moderate stock. The demand fair at $2 ₱ cental.

BEANS—Pea are scarce and firm, now held at 6¼@7c; Small White, 6¼@6¾c; Butter, 5¼@6½c for large, 5½c for small; Bayo, 3½@3¾c; Pink, 3½c; Red, 3@3¼c; Lima, 4½@5c; Castor, 3¼@4c.

OIL CAKE MEAL—The mill price is $30 ₱ ton, with the usual discount to the trade.

SEEDS—We quote clean Flax at 3c; Canary jobbing at 4@6c; White Mustard, 1½@2c, and Brown do, 2@3c ₱ lb.

HIDES—The market is steady at 16@17c for Dry; 8@9c for Wet Salted.

TALLOW—The supply is liberal, with sales at 6@6½c.

POTATOES—The old crop is well nigh exhausted. New are very plentiful and the market overstocked, selling at nominal prices. Mission, 30@ 37½; Half Moon Bay, $1@1 50, according to condition.

GRITS, ETC.—Our local mills furnish full supplies of choice quality. Cracked Wheat—In packets of 10 lbs, from mill, 3½c ₱ lb. Pearl Barley—Selling at 6c ₱ lb for the three numbers. Split Peas—The price is 5c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets. Rye Meal—For 10-lb packets, 3½c ₱ lb. Oat Meal—Selling at 6c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets. Hominy—Large and small is selling at 4c@5 lb for 10-lb packets. Farina—The price is 6c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets. Graham Flour—From mill, $5 ₱ bbl, and 3½c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets. Rye Flour—Selling at 4c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets from mill. Buckwheat Flour—From mill, 5c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets. Rice Flour—The price is 12c ₱ lb for 10-lb packets.

HONEY—There is no demand, and prices for Los Angeles and San Diego nominal, say 20@25c; choice Northern, 18@22½c; dark, 10@15c; strained, 10@13c ₱ lb.

BEES WAX—There is a good demand. The stock on hand is light, and prices steady at 30@35c ₱ lb for choice.

BRAN AND MIDDLINGS—The price of the former is reduced to $20. Midolings command $25@27 50 ₱ ton.

BUCKWHEAT—The demand is inconsiderable. Stock free, with very limited sales at $1 25@1 25 ₱ ctl.

ONIONS—Are plentiful, selling at $1@1 37½, latter for Silver-skins.

POULTRY—The supply is limited. Prices at date: Hens and Roosters, $7@8 50, as to size; Spring Chickens, small, $3; large, $4@6; Ducks, tame, $6@7; Geese, tame, $1 75@2 ₱ pair; Turkeys, 22@24c ₱ lb; dressed Turkeys, very scarce, 24@26c ₱ lb; Hare, $3; Doves, 75c@$1 ₱ dozen.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Average receipts of Butter; prices steady and firm at say 25@30c for good to extra choice; fair, 22@25c. California Cheese, 10@13c; Eastern Cheese, 15@18c for good to choice. Fresh California Eggs in good demand at 32@35c for choice lots; 6,000 doz Oregon per steamer selling at 24@25c; Eastern Eggs, with light receipts, dull at 18@19c.

CATTLE—Beef is selling by the quarter at 4@8c. Calves are scarce, 6@8c. Mutton, 8@9c. Lambs, 6@7c. Hogs on foot are in fair demand, and prices a shade lower, say 5½@6c for live, and dressed, 8@8¾c, the latter price for small hogs.

FRUIT—The market is now profusely supplied with Peaches of medium quality and of small size, selling to canners at 40@50c per basket, which is considerably lower than last year. The Cherry and Currant season is rapidly drawing to a close, though there is still quite a quantity of Currants to come in, the most of which will probably go to the factory, as the trade takes but little. Other kinds of fruit are in better demand and more salable. The Royal Ann Cherries sell readily at 12@15c. Apples are now very plentiful and cheap. Tomatoes come forward rather sparingly as yet. Figs, both black and white, are in good supply; our people as a whole do not take kindly to them, requiring to be educated up to a knowledge of their goodness in a ripe, fresh state. Blackberries, Strawberries, and Raspberries continue in good supply. The markets make a splendid exhibit at this season of the year, the assortment consisting of Apricots, Pears, and all other kinds in their season. The Staghound, from Tahiti, brought 180 M Oranges, Limes, Cocoanuts, etc. We quote as follows: Apples, choice, $1@1 25 ₱ box; common, 50c@$1 ₱ box, 30@50c ₱ basket. Pears, Bartlett, $3 50 ₱ box; common, 50c@$1 ₱ box. Peaches, Crawford's, $1 50@3 ₱ basket, according to quality; Hale's Early, $1@1 50; Tillotson, 30@50c. Grapes, 2@3c ₱ lb. Plums, 2@2½c ₱ lb. Strawberries, $3 50@5 ₱ chest. Raspberries, 8@10c ₱ lb. Gooseberries, 8@9c. Blackberries, 6@10c ₱ lb. Red Currants, 6c ₱ lb; 4c to the canners. Figs, 8@10c. Apricots, 2½@3c ₱ lb; $1@1 25 ₱ basket. Oranges, Tahiti, $4@5 ₱ M. Lemons, Sicily, $6 ₱ 100; Los Angeles, $3@6 ₱ 100. Limes, $15 ₱ M. Bananas, $2@5 ₱ bunch. Pine Apples, 10@20 ₱ doz. Cocoanuts, $12 50 ₱ 100. Watermelons, $12@18 ₱ 100. Cantaloupes, $2 ₱ doz. Dried Fruits—Apples, 8@9c ₱ lb in sacks, 10@c in boxes; Plums, 6@8c, pitted 16@18c; Raisins, 8@12½c; Figs, 8@10c; Figs, white, 15@18c.

WIT AND HUMOR.

How can a man see the point of a joke when he is the butt?

Here is the newest floral "sentiment:" If you wish for heart's ease don't look to mari-gold.

The India widows don't burn themselves any more. They find it more agreeable to marry again.

The ladies do their hair up so high now that they have, it is said, to stand on something to put on their hats.

When may a man be said to be literally immersed in his business? When giving a swimming lesson.

A paper announces that by the recent burning of an ice-house twenty thousand tons of ice were reduced to ashes.

When a naughty little boy breaks a window, he should be punished, on the principle that panes and penalties go together.

What is the difference between a Jew and a lawyer? The one gets his law from the prophet, the other his profit from the law.

A popular doctor in Oswego gave a prescription, with directions to take a tea-spoonful every three years. The patient recovered.

An honest lover in Massachusetts has given to his prospective father-in-law a load of wood, to replace that consumed during his evening "sparking" visits, last winter.

Ladies' head dresses have become such structures now that the hair dressers have to petition the city government for "permission to build" before they can get ahead.

A grocer asked an artist: "Is sculpture difficult?" The artist replied: "Why, bless you, no. You have only to take a block of marble, a mallet, and a chisel, and knock off all the marble you don't want."

An old lady called at the Waterbury post-office the other day, and asked, "Is there a letter for John ——, if ye please, sur?" There being several persons of that name in town, and a letter for one of them, the clerk asked if this John—— was in business? The innocent answered "No sur; he's in jale."

While there are about 10,000 men who think they know all about the perpetual motion principle, it is safe to say that there is not a solitary soul in this universe who can explain why a railroad engineer blows his whistle as he shoots by a passenger train. People who have popped up from their seats and clutched their scalps on these occasions are somewhat interested in an explanation.—*Danbury News.*

The Leper Settlement in the Hawaiian Islands.

The leper settlement was established on Molokai in January, 1866. In three years, four hundred lepers were gathered there, and supported by the government. Lads between the ages of twelve and fifteen years, and girls from sixteen to eighteen, seem to be the worst cases. Afterward the symptoms seem to be in a measure modified, and the patient gradually wastes away.

It seemed to me they could hardly have been consigned to a more suitable locality. Molokai lies east and west, with an inclination to the north in the western portion. Mountains as verdant as possible, and usually cloud-capped, rise from the eastern centre. The south shore, open to the trade wind, and consequently well showered by the frequent rains, is green and fresh. The north and north-western portions are dry and sandy, offering little to attract the eye.

Our first ride was easterly over a fertile plain by the shore. To the right swept the sea, and beyond it lay Maui, with the great extinct crater, Haleakala, folded about with cloud; occasionally we caught glimpses of its sublime proportions through the openings in this vapory curtain. Near our shore the "league-long roller thundered on the reef," leaving a stiller sea lapping among the pebbles, or sliding up the curves of the smooth, hard sand, where a dozen canoes were lodged, half in, half out of the water. To the left rose the mountains. Here and there beautiful vistas dawned upon us—deep valleys, green as green could be, and a water-fall, perhaps, sparking from the cliff to the bed of the valley like a silver chair.

Such a still island as it is! It was like crusading in the land of Nod. The Doctor said, "it seemed as though everybody had just stepped out for awhile, and was not back yet," and so it did. Wherever we went in Molokai that impression was constantly renewed. A sense of loneliness and desertion pervaded the very air. We passed many old houses in ruins; the walls of adobe quite dilapidated, the roof entirely gone, surrounded by acres of *taro* patches, dried away and out of use. These *taro* patches look ugly enough when the water that usually fills them is gone, and the deep green calla-shaped leaves of the *taro* no longer swing in the wind. There is plenty of wind left, almost too much of it; but the gentle souls that once cultivated all this silent land—and to judge from appearances, it was densely populated—have gone to that land more silent still.—*Overland Monthly for July.*

PINS.—A schoolboy being requested to write a composition upon the subject of "Pins," produced the following: "Pins are very useful. They have saved the lives of a great many men, women and children—in fact, whole families." "How so?" asked the puzzled teacher; and the boy replied, "Why, by not swallowing them." This matches the story of the other boy who defined salt as "the stuff that makes potatoes taste bad when you don't put on any."

FARM AND GARDEN.

SOME DEFINITIONS.—There are a few terms in use among breeders which have need of explanation to those just commencing to handle live stock: particularly cattle and horses. Some of them are:

Thoroughbred— Of horses and cattle. An animal whose entire blood is traceable to ancestors of acknowledged purity of blood, whose pedigrees have been recordnd in the British or American Turf Registers, Stud Books, or Herd Books. The term is applied with equal propriety and the same meaning to horses and cattle. It is sometimes stated that if a fixed number of crosses (generally seven) of thoroughbred stock can be traced in the direct lineage of an animal, this constitutes the one in question a thoroughbred. We do not subscribe to that opinion, but maintain the evidence of pure breeding thus furnished is only *prima facia*, and any admixture of cold blood proven to exist at any point in the chain, vitiates the stock, and it can not be thoroughbred. In case of a contest at a fair, or elsewhere, the proof of five crosses of thoroughbreds, in the immediate ancestry, should, perhaps, entitle an animal to show as thoroughbred, unless the challenger shows an infusion of cold blood back of these crosses.

Cold Blood—Not used of cattle. Of horses means any strain not thoroughbred.

Full Blood—Not used of horses. Of cattle means anything less than thoroughbred, and not below fifteenth-sixteenths of thoroughbred blood.

Cross—Of horses means the product of any two or more different strains or families. Of cattle means the product of any two thoroughbred races—as pure Short Horns and Devons.

Grade—Of cattle only. Means the produce of a thoroughbred animal and some other not thoroughbred.—*National Live Stock Journal.*

OIL FOR HARNESSES.—Harnesses, it is said, may be rendered impervious to water by thoroughly impregnating them with a mixture made in the proportion of twenty-one gallons of pure whale oil and fifteen to seventeen pounds of india-rubber shreds. Heat these ingredients together at a temperature of from 194° to 240°, in order that the rubber may completely dissolve. Another preparation contains one gallon of alcohol, one and a half pounds of white turpentine, the same weight of gum shellac, and one gill of Venice turpentine. Let these stand by the stove until the gums are dissolved, then add one gill of sweet oil, and (if desired for the color) two ounces of lampblack.

POWDERED COAL FOR UNHEALTHY PLANTS.—In a communication, addressed to the *Revue Horticole*, the writer states that he purchased a very fine rosebush, full of buds, and after anxiously waiting for their maturing, was greatly disappointed when this took place, to find the flowers small, insignificant in appearance, and of a dull faded color. Incited by the suggestion of a friend, he then tried the experiment of filling in the top of the pot around the bush, to the depth of half an inch, with finely pulverized stone coal. In the course of a few days he was astonished at seeing the roses assume a beautiful red, as brilliant and lively as he could desire. He tried the same experiment upon a pot of petunias, and soon after all the pale and indefinite ones became of a bright red or lilac, and the white petunia were variegated with beautiful red stripes. Some of the lilac petunias became a fine dark blue. Other flowers experienced similar alterations; those of a yellow color alone remained insensible to the influence of the coal.

CARE OF YOUNG TURKEYS.—A successful turkey raiser writes to the *Pet-Stock, Pigeon and Poultry Bulletin* that he regards dough made of Indian meal as injurious to young turkeys. He says: My method of feeding has been to make bread of Indian meal, and to bake either in ovens or ashes, and after the bread cools to crumble it up pretty fine, and then stir in buttermilk until the whole assumes about the consistency of tolerably thick batter. Young turkeys relish this food amazingly; more, indeed, than any other, I think, that I have ever given them. They should be fed from six to eight times a day until they are large enough to follow their mothers through the fields in search of crickets, and such green food as they may require in their rambles. A little beef "scrap-cake," made soft by soaking or boiling, is also capital food for them. Dry and commodious coops or pens should be provided in which to confine the young turkeys and their mothers in stormy weather, and also to keep them from wandering off early in the morning while the dew is still upon the grass. When confined in wet weather, onion-tops or other green food should be chopped fine and fed to them, as green food seems to be eminently promotive of their health. After turkeys are three or four months old, they may be fed on wheat, oats, etc.

OLD EGGS.—The Manchester (N.H.) *Mirror* says that twenty-four years ago a gentleman in a suburban town packed several eggs in a box of oats, and put them in an out of the way place in the attic of his store, with the intention of testing their condition at the end of a year's time. Forgetting all about them nearly a quarter of a century had passed, when in overhauling the contents of the attic, he came upon the box in its hiding place. Upon breaking the eggs, the shells of which appeared sound, the whites were found to have totally disappeared, while the yolks remained dried and quite hard. The oats in which the eggs were packed were sound as the day when they were put in the box, and the gentleman has planted several with a view of discovering whether they retain their vitality. In the box was found a memorandum giving the date on which the eggs were deposited.

The Crocodile.

In his work on Ceylon, Sir Emerson Tennent describes two distinct species of the crocodile—the allié kimboola (*Crocodilus biporcatus* of Cuvier), which inhabits the rivers and estuaries throughout the low countries on the coasts, attaining the length of sixteen or eighteen feet, and which will assail men when pressed for hunger, and the marsh crocodile (*Crocodilus palustris*), which seldom exceeds twelve or thirteen feet, and lives exclusively in fresh water, frequenting the tanks or reservoirs in the northern and central provinces, and confining its attacks to the smaller animals. Both species have been known to seize dogs when swimming after wild fowl shot by their masters, and very frequently the game also disappears before it can be secured by the sportsman.

In the dry season, when the watercourses begin to fail and the tanks become exhausted, the marsh crocodiles are sometimes encountered wandering in search of water in the jungle; but generally, during the extreme draught, when unable to procure their ordinary food owing to the drying up of the reservoirs, they bury themselves in the weed, and remain in a state of torpor till released by the return of the rains. Humboldt in his "Personal Narrative" relates an occurrence at Calabazo in Venezuela, where a crocodile emerged from beneath the mud, to the astonishment of those sleeping above; and Tennent tells a similar story, narrated to him by an officer attached to the department of the surveyor-general. This gentleman, having pitched his tent on the dried-up bed of a tank, had been disturbed during the night by feeling a movement of the earth below his bed, from which on the following day a crocodile emerged, making its appearance from beneath the matting.

Herodotus records the observations of the Egyptians, that the crocodiles of the Nile abstain from food during the four winter months. When floating down that river or the Ganges, looking like inanimate logs, it is no difficult thing to lodge a ball in them, though from the tough nature of the hide, the bullet often flies of at a tangent, and the animal is as unconcerned as if you were amusing yourself with a pea-shooter—for this reason few of them are actually "bagged;" but the moment they are struck in any vital part, they dive into the muddy depths of the stream, and are seen no more.

In some countries the flesh of the crocodile is consumed as an article of diet, and the French writer Palegroix, in his work on "Siam," states that it may be purchased in the markets and bazaars of that kingdom.

The names of crocodile and alligator are applied indiscriminately, though there is a structural difference, the latter term probably being derived from the word *lagarto*, used by the Portuguese in India, and the Spaniards in South America when speaking of the huge reptiles which infest the rivers and estuaries of both Asia and America.

The species which inhabits the fresh water is afraid of man, and hastens to conceal itself on his approach, sometimes burying its head in the mud until its eyes are covered, as though like the ostrich, it believed it thus remained invisible to its pursuer. The crocodile also dives down and buries in the mud at the bottom of the tanks when closely pursued. A remarkable instance is narrated of this habit. In 1833, during the progress of the pearl fishery, Sir Robert W. Horton, the governor of Ceylon, employed men to drag for crocodiles in a pond near Aripo which was infested with those gigantic creatures. The pool was about fifty yards in length by ten or twelve in width, gradually shoaling to the edge, and not exceeding four or five feet in the deepest part. As the party approached, from twenty to thirty crocodiles, which had been basking in the sun, scuttled off to the water, A net specially weighted so as to sink its lower edge to the bottom, was then stretched from bank to bank, and swept to the farther end of the pond, followed by a line of men with poles to drive the crocodiles forward. So complete was the arrangement that it was thought none of the reptiles could evade the net, and yet, to the astonishment of the governor and his party, not one was found entangled in its meshes when it was drawn to the bank.

Sir E. Tennent mentions a remarkable instance of the vitality of the common crocodile related to him by a gentleman at Galle. He had caught an unusually large one on a baited hook, which his coolies disemboweled, the aperture in the stomach being left expanded by a stick across it. On returning in the afternoon with a view to secure the head, they found that the creature had crawled for some distance, and made its escape into the water.

The alligators of South American waters are much more fierce than the Indian crocodile, though even these have been known to attack a man and drag him under water. Alligators may be seen basking in the sun on the sandbanks of the Upper Essequibo and Orinoco Rivers, or swimming on the water like logs of wood, with their backs perhaps covered with mud and vegetation, which, floating down the stream, has been arrested by the dorsal protuberances of the great reptile. Sometimes a brood of young ones may be seen following in the wake of their mother. The little creatures are about a foot in length, and as like one another as a school of herrings; they are nearly black in color, with some mottlings of a yellowish color, giving them the hue of a tortoise-shell. The natives have a belief that when surprised or attacked the alligator swallows its young, but we need scarcely say this is not shared by the naturalist. The probability is that when alarmed by the sense of danger the mother dives below, and her offspring follow her example, and are quickly lost to view in the stream lashed into a whirlpool by a stroke of her powerful tail.—*To-day.*

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